

BOYD GROUP INCOME FUND

INTERIM REPORT TO UNITHOLDERS
Third Quarter and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016

BOYD GROUP INCOME FUND

INTERIM REPORT TO UNITHOLDERS

Third Quarter and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016

To Our Unitholders,

Solid increases in revenue and same-store sales, new locations that expanded our regional presence and market penetration, and double-digit growth in adjusted earnings and Adjusted EBITDA. These were the highlights of the third quarter of 2016, which are also consistent with the results of the year to date. Based on this consistent performance, the Board of Trustees has announced an increase in distributions to \$0.516 per unit, on an annualized basis, effective this November. This is the ninth consecutive year that we have increased distributions to our unitholders.

During the quarter, we added 20 new locations. Included in these was a 10-location multi-shop operation that provided us with a significant presence in the Cincinnati Ohio region and our first location in the state of Kentucky. Subsequent to quarter-end, ten more locations have been added, bringing our total for the year to 55 new locations. This large increase over the 29 locations added for all of 2015 is a testament to the hard work of our corporate development team and the significant consolidation opportunities available in our industry.

Total sales in the quarter were up 14.7%, to \$345.3 million from \$301.1 million in the third quarter of 2015. This increase is primarily the result of the contributions from 65 new locations added since July 1, 2015 and \$14.1 million, or 4.7%, in additional same-store sales. We have now reported 16 consecutive quarters of same-store sales growth, which we believe is partially the result of Boyd growing to become a leading collision repair provider in many of its markets, and the continued positive industry consolidation trends.

In the third quarter of 2016, Adjusted EBITDA¹ grew to \$31.6 million, or 9.2% of sales, compared with Adjusted EBITDA of \$26.4 million, or 8.8% of sales, in the prior year. Improved same-store sales and contributions from acquisitions and new locations were the main reason for the 19.7% increase. The increase in Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of sales reflects higher gross margins as well as higher sales leveraging the fixed component of operating expenses.

Net earnings were \$6.5 million during the third quarter of 2016, compared to a net loss of \$19.5 million in the same quarter in 2015. Net earnings were negatively affected by \$6.2 million in fair value adjustments to financial instruments, primarily due to the 10.2% increase in unit price during the quarter. Excluding the impact of the fair value adjustments, acquisition and transaction costs (net of tax) and accelerated amortization of acquired brand names (net of tax), adjusted net earnings¹ were \$13.1 million compared with \$10.1 million in the third quarter of 2015. On a per unit basis, adjusted net earnings¹ for the third quarter of 2016 were \$0.724 per unit, compared to \$0.617 in the same period in 2015.

The Fund generated adjusted distributable cash¹ of \$8.1 million in the third quarter of 2016, compared to \$11.7 million in the same quarter of 2015, and declared distributions and dividends of \$2.3 million, resulting in a payout ratio based on adjusted distributable cash¹ of 28.6%. This compares with a payout ratio of 17.5% in the same period of 2015. The decrease in adjusted distributable cash and increase in payout ratio were primarily due to working capital changes that mainly resulted from the timing of payroll as well as billings and collections around the quarter end. Increases and decreases in working capital are significantly influenced by timing of collections and expenditures, which vary quarter by

¹ EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, distributable cash, adjusted distributable cash and adjusted net earnings are not recognized measures under International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Management believes that in addition to sales, net earnings and cash flows, the supplemental measures of distributable cash, adjusted distributable cash, adjusted net earnings, EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are useful as they provide investors with an indication of earnings from operations and cash available for distribution, both before and after debt management, productive capacity maintenance and non-recurring and other adjustments. Investors should be cautioned, however, that EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, distributable cash, adjusted distributable cash and adjusted net earnings should not be construed as an alternative to net earnings determined in accordance with IFRS as an indicator of the Fund's performance. Boyd's method of calculating these measures may differ from other public issuers and, accordingly, may not be comparable to similar measures used by other issuers. For a detailed explanation of how the Fund's non-GAAP measures are calculated, please refer to the Fund's MD&A filing for the period ended September 30, 2016, which can be accessed via the SEDAR Web site (www.sedar.com).

quarter. On a trailing four-quarter basis, the payout ratio was 13.2% as at September 30, 2016. To take advantage of the considerable consolidation opportunities in the collision repair industry, we will continue to maintain a conservative and sustainable payout ratio. Doing so provides us with the financial flexibility to act on opportunities to grow and secure our long-term success.

Total debt, net of cash was \$119.7 million at September 30, 2016, compared to \$85.3 million at June 30, 2016 and \$81.8 million at December 31, 2015. The increase in debt during the quarter was a result of increased acquisition and development activity drawing down on the Fund's revolving credit facility. Cash flow from operations, before considering working capital changes, was \$23.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared with \$18.7 million for the same period in 2015. The 26.0% increase in cash flow was a result of increased Adjusted EBITDA, driven by new location and same-store sales growth. Management believes that the Fund's capital resources remain sufficient to fund growth and meet working capital, capital expenditure and distribution requirements.

With the strong results in the third quarter of 2016, we are confident that we are on track to achieve our stated goal of doubling the business during the five-year period ending in 2020. The two components of our growth strategy are adding new locations and increasing same-store sales, both of which have been successful over the past several quarters. In terms of location growth, the North American collision repair industry remains under-penetrated by large operators and this past quarter continues to demonstrate our ability to identify and add accretive single locations as well as multi-store operations. Growth in sales on a same-store basis is driven by industry revenue consolidation and successful operational performance. To achieve this we continue to promote excellence in customer satisfaction, repair cycle times and operational procedures through the implementation of our WOW Operating Way, which is now in place at nearly all of our locations other than those added in the last 12 months.

To conclude, we are very pleased with our progress to date in 2016. Our strong balance sheet and financing options, including approximately \$340 million in dry powder, combined with our operational experience and track record, will continue to position Boyd for success into the future.

On behalf of the Trustees of the Boyd Group Income Fund and Boyd Group employees, I would like to thank you for your continued support.

Sincerely,

(signed)

Brock Bulbuck President & Chief Executive Officer

Management's Discussion & Analysis

OVERVIEW

Boyd Group Income Fund (the "Fund"), through its operating company, The Boyd Group Inc. and its subsidiaries ("Boyd" or the "Company"), is one of the largest operators of non-franchised collision repair centers in North America in terms of number of locations and sales. The Company currently operates locations in five Canadian provinces under the trade name Boyd Autobody & Glass, as well as in 20 U.S. states under the trade name Gerber Collision & Glass. The Company uses newly acquired brand names during a transition period until acquired locations have been rebranded. The Company is also a major retail auto glass operator in the U.S. with locations across 31 U.S. states under the trade names Gerber Collision & Glass, Glass America, Auto Glass Service, Auto Glass Authority and Autoglassonly.com. The Company also operates a third party administrator, Gerber National Claims Services ("GNCS"), that offers glass, emergency roadside and first notice of loss services. GNCS has approximately 5,500 affiliated glass provider locations and 4,600 affiliated emergency roadside services providers throughout the U.S. The following is a geographic breakdown of the collision repair locations and trade names.

AUTOBODY & CLASS	42 centers	9erbe	LASS	353 centers		GLASS-AMERICA
Manitoba	14	Illinois	55	Maryland	10	
British Columbia	13	Florida	54	Louisiana	9	a cachage
Alberta	12	Michigan	47	Oregon	7	gerber
Saskatchewan	2	North Carolina	30	Oklahoma	5	
Ontario	1	Indiana	24	Pennsylvania	5	
		Ohio	22	Nevada	4	AUTO GLASS SERVICE
		Washington	20	Utah	4	HOIC CLASS OLIVICE
		Georgia	20	Kansas	1	
		Arizona	17	Idaho	1	UTO GLASS UTHORITY
		Colorado	17	Kentucky	1	Experience the Difference
						AUTO > GLASS only.com
						gerber>

Boyd provides collision repair services to insurance companies, individual vehicle owners, as well as fleet and lease customers, with a high percentage of the Company's revenue being derived from insurance-paid collision repair services. In Canada, government-owned insurers operating in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and British Columbia, dominate the insurance-paid collision repair markets in which they operate. In the U.S. and Canadian markets other than Manitoba and Saskatchewan, private insurance carriers compete for consumer policyholders, and in many cases significantly influence the choice of collision repairer through Direct Repair Programs ("DRP's").

The Fund's units and convertible debentures trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbols TSX: BYD.UN and TSX: BYD.DB.A.

The following review of the Fund's operating and financial results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, including material transactions and events up to and including November 8, 2016, should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, as well as the annual audited consolidated financial statements, management discussion & analysis ("MD&A") and annual information form ("AIF") of Boyd Group Income Fund for the year ended December 31, 2015 as filed on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

On January 5, 2016, the Fund completed the early redemption of its 5.75% Convertible Unsecured Subordinated Debentures due December 31, 2017. Subsequent to the initial announcement of the early redemption, \$24,012,000 principal amount of the Debentures were converted into 1,026,152 units of the Fund using a rate of 42.7350 Trust Units for each \$1,000 principal amount of Debentures and a conversion price of \$23.40 per Trust Unit as stated in the Trust Indenture dated as of December 19, 2012. The remaining \$192,000 in Debentures were redeemed through the issuance of 3,000 units of the Fund.

On January 11, 2016 the Fund completed the settlement of the unit options issued on January 11, 2006. As a result of the settlement 200,000 units were issued at an exercise price of \$1.91.

On March 18, 2016, the Company, through its Glass America subsidiary, acquired the glass repair assets of Ryan's Auto Glass ("Ryan's") in Cincinnati, Ohio. Ryan's generated sales of approximately \$2 million U.S. for the trailing twelve months ended January 2016.

On October 31, 2016, the Fund amended the May 31, 2013 agreement that provided a member of its U.S. management team the opportunity to participate in the future growth of the Fund's U.S. glass business. The put option held by the non-controlling shareholder continues to provide the shareholder an option to put the business back to the Fund according to a valuation formula defined in the agreement; however, the put option is now restricted until December 31, 2018 and is exercisable anytime thereafter by the glass-business operating partner. The put option may be exercised before December 31, 2018 upon the occurrence of certain unusual events such as a change of control or resignation of the operating partner. The call option, which would require the non-controlling shareholder to sell their non-controlling interest ownership to Boyd at agreed upon valuation multiples, was also amended such that it is now restricted until December 31, 2018. Under the call and put options, Boyd will have the option, but not the obligation, to pay the purchase price with Boyd units.

The Fund added new collision locations since January 1, 2016 as follows:

Date	Location	Previously operated as
January 4, 2016	Lafayette, IN (2 locations)	Twin City Collision
January 15, 2016	Saanichton, BC and Sidney, BC (2 locations)	Hi-Tech Collision
February 10, 2016	Conyers, GA	n/a start-up
February 29, 2016	Punta Gorda, FL	n/a start-up
March 21, 2016	Portland Area, OR (5 locations)	J&M Auto
March 31, 2016	Indianapolis Area, IN (6 locations)	Collision Cure Body Werks
April 19, 2016	Hudson, OH	Clarke Collision Center
April 29, 2016	Rocky Mount, NC	Faith Autobody
May 6, 2016	Burnaby, BC	Galaxie Collision
May 20, 2016	Sapulpa, OK	Finishing Touches Auto Body
May 31, 2016	Tulsa, OK	Desert Rose Collision
June 3, 2016	Kalamazoo, MI	n/a start-up
June 10, 2016	Airway Heights, WA	City West Auto Body
June 28, 2016	Dallas, GA	n/a start-up
July 8, 2016	Portland, OR	Blue Ribbon Autobody
July 15, 2016	Statesville, NC	Black's Collision Repair
July 22, 2016	Titusville, FL	Freddy Curtis Body Shop
July 29, 2016	Cincinatti Area, OH (9 locations) and Southgate, KY	Collision Care Centers
August 12, 2016	Slidell, LA	n/a start-up
August 22, 2016	Schaumberg, IL	n/a start-up
August 31, 2016	LaPorte, IN	Blake's Collision Center
September 7, 2016	Sebastian, FL	Riverside Auto Body
September 16, 2016	Burnaby, BC	Dumore's Collision
September 23, 2016	Portage, IN	Great Lakes Peterbuilt Body Shop
September 30, 2016	Baton Rouge, LA	Southern Collision
October 14, 2016	Greenville, NC	Hastings Ford
October 17, 2016	Battle Creek, MI	M-66 Auto Body & Frame
October 17, 2016	Fort Wayne, IN	n/a start-up
October 24, 2016	Greenville, NC	Bland & Newsome
October 28, 2016	Grand Junction, CO	Taber Body Paint & Frame
November 4, 2016	Detroit, Michigan Region (5 locations)	Adrian's Collision Centers

OUTLOOK

Boyd continues to execute on its growth strategy. In 2016, the Company has added 55 locations to date, representing new location growth of 16.2% since the beginning of the year, while at the same time achieving organic growth through same-store sales increases of 5.7% for the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Looking forward, the Company will continue to pursue accretive growth through a combination of organic growth (same-store sales growth) as well as acquisitions and new store development. Acquisitions will include both single location acquisitions as well as multi-location acquisitions. Combined, this strategy is expected to double the size of the business and revenues (on a constant currency basis) during the five-year period ending in 2020, implying an average annual growth rate of 15%. With prudent financial management and its strong balance sheet, Boyd is further well-positioned to take advantage of large acquisition opportunities, should they arise, which could accelerate the time frame to double its size. It is expected that this growth can be achieved while continuing to be disciplined and selective in the identification and assessment of all acquisition opportunities.

As performance based DRP programs with insurance companies continue to develop and evolve, it is becoming increasingly important that top performing collision repairers, including Boyd, continue to drive towards higher levels of operating performance as measured primarily by customer satisfaction ratings, repair cycle times and average cost of repair. To this end, Boyd will continue to make investments to enhance its processes and operational performance.

Regarding the fourth quarter, while overall demand for the Company's collision services thus far appears similar to the third quarter, the Company did experience some loss of production and sales in areas affected by Hurricane Matthew. Additionally, the fourth quarter may be challenged due to a slow down in the glass repair business combined with a decrease to the published National Auto Glass Specification List Price, which became effective September 12, 2016. In addition, the generally favourable collision conditions of the last few years have made it increasingly difficult to easily hire additional technicians to meet demand for the Company's collision services. The company continues to work hard to develop new

initiatives to combat the operational challenges presented by the current labour environment. Additionally, 2015 comparative amounts were strong in the fourth quarter, as same-store sales increased 6.0% in the fourth quarter of 2015.

Management remains confident in its business model and its ability to increase market share by expanding its presence in North America through strategic acquisitions alongside organic growth from Boyd's existing operations. Accretive growth remains the Company's focus whether it is through organic growth or acquisitions. The North American collision repair industry remains highly fragmented and offers attractive opportunities for industry leaders to build value through focused consolidation and economies of scale. As a growth company, Boyd's objective continues to be to maintain a conservative distribution policy that will provide the financial flexibility necessary to support growth initiatives while gradually increasing distributions over time. The Company remains confident in its management team, systems and experience. This, along with a strong statement of financial position and financing options, positions Boyd well for the future.

BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT & STRATEGY

As at November 8, 2016, the business environment of the Company and strategies adopted by management remain unchanged from those described in the Fund's 2015 annual MD&A.

CAUTION CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements made in this interim report, other than those concerning historical financial information, may be forward-looking and therefore subject to various risks and uncertainties. Some forward-looking statements may be identified by words like "may", "will", "anticipate", "estimate", "expect", "intend", or "continue" or the negative thereof or similar variations. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such statements, as actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements.

The following table outlines forward-looking information included in this MD&A:

Forward-looking Information	Key Assumptions	Most Relevant Risk Factors
The stated objective of generating growth sufficient to double the size of the business over the five-year period	Opportunities continue to be available and are at acceptable and accretive prices	Acquisition market conditions change and repair shop owner demographic trends change
ending in 2020	Financing options continue to be available at reasonable rates and on acceptable terms and conditions	Credit and refinancing conditions prevent or restrict the ability of the Company to continue growth strategies
	New and existing customer relationships	Changes in market conditions and operating environment
	are expected to provide acceptable levels of revenue opportunities	Significant declines in the number of insurance claims
	Anticipated operating results would be	Integration of new stores is not accomplished as planned
	accretive to overall Company results	Increased competition which prevents achievement of acquisition and revenue goals
	Growth is defined as revenue on a constant currency basis	
Boyd remains confident in its business model to increase market share by	Continued stability in economic conditions and employment rates	Economic conditions deteriorate
expanding its presence in both the U.S.	Pricing in the industry remains stable	Loss of one or more key customers or loss of significant volume from any customer
and Canada through strategic and accretive acquisitions alongside organic	Pricing in the industry remains stable	from any customer
growth from Boyd's existing operations	The Company's customer and supplier relationships provide it with competitive	Decline in the number of insurance claims
	advantages to increase sales over time	Inability of the Company to pass cost increases to customers over time
	Market share growth will more than offset systemic changes in the industry	Increased competition which may prevent achievement of
	and environment	revenue goals
	Anticipated operating results would be accretive to overall Company results	Changes in market conditions and operating environment
		Changes in weather conditions

Forward-looking Information	Key Assumptions	Most Relevant Risk Factors
Stated objective to gradually increase	Growing profitability of the Company	The Fund is dependent upon the operating results of the
distributions over time	and its subsidiaries	Company and its ability to pay interest and dividends to the
		Fund
	The continued and increasing ability of	
	the Company to generate cash available for distribution	Economic conditions deteriorate
		Changes in weather conditions
	Balance sheet strength and flexibility is	
	maintained and the distribution level is manageable taking into consideration	Decline in the number of insurance claims
	bank covenants, growth requirements	Loss of one or more key customers or loss of significant volume
	and maintaining a distribution level that	from any customer
	is supportable over time	
		Changes in government regulation
	No change in the Fund's structure	

We caution that the foregoing table contains what the Fund believes are the material forward-looking statements and is not exhaustive. Therefore when relying on forward-looking statements, investors and others should refer to the "Risk Factors" section of the Fund's AIF, the "Business Risks and Uncertainties" and other sections of our MD&A and our other periodic filings with Canadian securities regulatory authorities. All forward-looking statements presented herein should be considered in conjunction with such filings.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

EBITDA AND ADJUSTED EBITDA

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") is not a calculation defined in International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). EBITDA should not be considered an alternative to net earnings in measuring the performance of the Fund, nor should it be used as an exclusive measure of cash flow. The Fund reports EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA because it is a key measure that management uses to evaluate performance of the business and to reward its employees. EBITDA is also a concept utilized in measuring compliance with debt covenants. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are measures commonly reported and widely used by investors and lending institutions as an indicator of a company's operating performance and ability to incur and service debt, and as a valuation metric. While EBITDA is used to assist in evaluating the operating performance and debt servicing ability of the Fund, investors are cautioned that EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA as reported by the Fund may not be comparable in all instances to EBITDA as reported by other companies.

The CPA's Canadian Performance Reporting Board defined standardized EBITDA to foster comparability of the measure between entities. Standardized EBITDA represents an indication of an entity's capacity to generate income from operations before taking into account management's financing decisions and costs of consuming tangible and intangible capital assets, which vary according to their vintage, technological age and management's estimate of their useful life. Accordingly, standardized EBITDA comprises sales less operating expenses before finance costs, capital asset amortization and impairment charges, and income taxes. Adjusted EBITDA is calculated to exclude items of an unusual nature that do not reflect normal or ongoing operations of the Fund and which should not be considered in a valuation metric or should not be included in assessment of ability to service or incur debt. Included in this category of adjustments are the fair value adjustments to exchangeable Class A common shares, the fair value adjustments to unit based payment obligations, the fair value adjustments to convertible debenture conversion features and the fair value adjustments to the non-controlling interest put options. These items are adjustments that did not have any cash impact on the Fund. Also included as an adjustment to EBITDA are acquisition and transaction costs which do not relate to the current operating performance of the business units but are typically costs incurred to expand operations. During the second quarter of 2016, acquisition and transaction costs were reduced for the one-time recovery of certain acquisition-related fees in the amount of \$0.4 million. From time to time, the Fund may make other adjustments to its Adjusted EBITDA for items that are not expected to recur.

The following is a reconciliation of the Fund's net earnings to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA:

	For	r the three Septen			For the nine months ended September 30,							
(thousands of Canadian dollars)		2016	ibei	2015		2016	ibei	2015				
Net earnings (loss)	\$	6,474	\$	(19,479)	\$	21,968	\$	(19,258)				
Add:												
Finance costs (net of Finance income)		2,427		3,782		7,267		9,643				
Income tax expense		7,392		5,849		20,266		14,796				
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		5,986		4,732		16,669		12,830				
Amortization of intangible assets		2,512		2,072		7,416		7,218				
Standardized EBITDA	\$	24,791	\$	(3,044)	\$	73,586	\$	25,229				
Add (deduct):												
Fair value adjustments		6,218		28,855		16,924		46,137				
Acquisition and transaction costs		611		614		1,111		1,749				
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	31,620	\$	26,425	\$	91,621	\$	73,115				

ADJUSTED NET EARNINGS

In addition to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA, the Fund believes that certain users of financial statements are interested in understanding net earnings excluding certain fair value adjustments and other unusual or infrequent adjustments. This can assist these users in comparing current results to historical results that did not include such items. The following is a reconciliation of the Fund's net earnings to adjusted net earnings:

	I	For the three Septem			For the nine months ended September 30,								
(thousands of Canadian dollars, except per unit amounts)		2016	ibei	2015	2016	ibei	2015						
Net earnings (loss) Add (deduct):	\$	6,474	\$	(19,479)	\$ 21,968	\$	(19,258)						
Fair value adjustments (non-taxable) Acquisition and transaction costs (net of tax) Amortization of acquired brand names (net of tax)		6,218 377		28,855 519 205	16,924 615 23		46,137 1,471 825						
Adjusted net earnings	\$	13,069	\$	10,100	\$ 39,530	\$	29,175						
Weighted average number of units		18,058,588		16,376,313	18,020,015		16,365,297						
Adjusted net earnings per unit	\$	0.724	\$	0.617	\$ 2.194	\$	1.783						

The comparative amounts disclosed for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 have been adjusted to be presented net of tax, consistent with presentation in the current period.

Distributable Cash

Distributions to unitholders and dividends to the BGHI shareholders were declared and paid as follows:

(thousands of Canadian dolla	rs, except per unit and per share amounts)	Distribu	ution per Unit /	Dis	tribution	Div	idend	
Record date	Payment date	Divide	end per Share		amount	amount		
January 31, 2016	February 25, 2016	\$	0.0420	\$	757	\$	11	
February 29, 2016	March 29, 2016		0.0420		757		11	
March 31, 2016	April 27, 2016		0.0420		757		11	
April 30, 2016	May 27, 2016		0.0420		758		10	
May 31, 2016	June 28, 2016		0.0420		758		10	
June 30, 2016	July 27, 2016		0.0420		758		10	
July 31, 2016	August 29, 2016		0.0420		758		10	
August 31, 2016	September 29, 2016		0.0420		759		10	
September 30, 2016	October 27, 2016		0.0420		759		10	
		\$	0.3780	\$	6,821	\$	93	

(thousands of Canadian dolla	rs, except per unit and per share amounts)	Divide	end per Unit /	Dist	tribution	ion Divider		
Record date	Payment date	Divide	end per Share		amount	amount		
January 31, 2015	February 25, 2015	\$	0.0410	\$	671	\$	11	
February 28, 2015	March 27, 2015		0.0410		671		11	
March 31, 2015	April 28, 2015		0.0410		671		11	
April 30, 2015	May 27, 2015		0.0410		670		10	
May 31, 2015	June 26, 2015		0.0410		670		11	
June 30, 2015	July 29, 2015		0.0410		671		11	
July 31, 2015	August 26, 2015		0.0410		672		11	
August 31, 2015	September 28, 2015		0.0410		671		11	
September 30, 2015	October 28, 2015		0.0410		688		11	
		\$	0.3690	\$	6,055	\$	98	

Maintaining Productive Capacity

Productive capacity is defined by Boyd as the maintenance of the Company's facilities, equipment, signage, courtesy cars, systems, brand names and infrastructure. Although most of Boyd's repair facilities are leased, funds are required to ensure facilities are properly repaired and maintained to ensure the Company's physical appearance communicates Boyd's standard of professional service and quality. The Company's need to maintain its facilities and upgrade or replace equipment, signage, systems and courtesy car fleets forms part of the annual cash requirements of the business. The Company manages these expenditures by annually reviewing and determining its capital budget needs and then authorizing major expenditures throughout the year based upon individual business cases. The Company manages its cash maintenance capital expenditures up to approximately 0.8% of sales.

Although maintenance capital expenditures may remain within budget on an annual basis, the timing of these expenditures often varies significantly from quarter to quarter. For 2016, the maintenance capital expenditures is above the 0.8% level as a result of specific investments in financial system upgrades. Additionally, Boyd has endeavored to use less capital lease financing given the cost advantage of using bank credit.

In many circumstances, large equipment expenditures including automobiles, shop equipment and computers can be financed using either operating or finance leases. Cash spent on maintenance capital expenditures plus the repayment of operating and finance leases, including the interest thereon, form part of the distributable cash calculations.

Non-recurring and Other Adjustments

Non-recurring and other adjustments may include, but are not limited to, post closure environmental liabilities, restructuring costs, acquisition and transaction costs. Management is not currently aware of any environmental remediation requirements. Acquisition and transaction costs are added back to distributable cash as they occur.

Debt Management

In addition to finance lease obligations arranged to finance growth and maintenance expenditures on property and equipment, the Company has historically utilized long-term debt to finance the expansion of its business, usually through the acquisition and start-up of collision and glass repair and replacement businesses. Repayments of this debt do not form part of distributable cash calculations. Boyd's bank facilities include restrictive covenants, which could limit the Fund's ability to distribute cash. These covenants, based upon current financial results, would not prevent the Fund from paying future distributions at conservative and sustainable levels. These covenants will continue to be monitored in conjunction with any future anticipated distributions.

The following is a standardized and adjusted distributable cash calculation for 2016 and 2015:

(thousands of Canadian dollars, except per unit and	F	or the three Septem				For the nine r Septem		
per share amounts)		2016		2015		2016		2015
Cash flow from operating activities before								
changes in non-cash working capital items	\$	23,597	\$	18,723	\$	70,193	\$	51,265
Changes in non-cash working capital items		(10,938)		(3,566)		(16,316)		1,343
Cash flows from operating activities		12,659		15,157		53,877		52,608
Less adjustment for: Sustaining expenditures on plant, software								
~ · ·		(4.044)		(2.22.t)		(0. 7 40)		(
and equipment (2) Standardized distributable cash	Φ.	(4,011)	Φ	(2,234)	ф	(9,710)	Φ	(6,689
Standardized distributable cash	\$	8,648	\$	12,923	\$	44,167	\$	45,919
Standardized distributable cash per average unit								
and Class A common share								
Per average unit and Class A common share	\$	0.473	\$	0.777	\$	2.419	\$	2.76
Per diluted unit and Class A common share (5)	\$	0.464	\$	0.777	\$	2.372	\$	2.76
Standardized distributable cash from above	\$	8,648	\$	12,923	\$	44,167	\$	45,919
Add (deduct) adjustments for:	·	-,-	·	,-	Ċ	, -		- /-
Acquisition and transaction costs (3)		611		614		1,111		1,749
Proceeds on sale of equipment and software		150		155		505		24
Principal repayments of finance leases (4)		(1,285)		(1,330)		(4,009)		(3,892
Payment to non-controlling interest (6)		(67)		(644)		(156)		(770
Adjusted distributable cash	\$	8,057	\$	11,718	\$	41,618	\$	43,247
Adjusted distributable cash per average unit and								
Class A common share								
Per average unit and Class A common share	\$	0.441	\$	0.704	\$	2.279	\$	2.60
Per diluted unit and Class A common share (5)	\$	0.432	\$	0.704	\$	2.235	\$	2.601
Tot differe time time class IT common share	Ψ	0.432	Ψ	0.704	Ψ	2.233	Ψ	2.001
Distributions and dividends paid								
Unitholders	\$	2,275	\$	2,014	\$	6,767	\$	6,038
Class A common shareholders		31		33		93		98
Total distributions and dividends paid	\$	2,306	\$	2,047	\$	6,860	\$	6,136
Distributions and dividends paid								
Per unit	\$	0.126	\$	0.123	\$	0.378	\$	0.369
Per Class A common share	\$	0.126	\$	0.123	\$	0.378	\$	0.369
Payout ratio based on standardized								
distributable cash		26.7%		15.8%		15.5%		13.49
distribution cusii		4 U.1 /0		13.070		13.3 /0		13.47
Payout ratio based on adjusted distributable cash		28.6%		17.5%		16.5%		14.29

⁽¹⁾ As defined in the non-GAAP financial measures section of the MD&A.

⁽²⁾ Includes sustaining expenditures on plant and equipment, information technology hardware and computer software but excludes capital expenditures associated with acquisition and development activities including rebranding of acquired locations. In addition to the maintenance capital expenditures paid with cash, during 2016 the Company acquired a further \$3.5 million (2015 - \$6.9 million) in capital assets which were financed through finance leases and did not affect cash flows in the current period.

⁽³⁾ The Company has added back to distributable cash the costs related to acquisitions.

⁽⁴⁾ Repayments of these leases represent additional cash requirements to support the productive capacity of the Company and therefore have been deducted when calculating adjusted distributable cash.

⁽⁵⁾ Per diluted unit and Class A common share amounts have been calculated in accordance with definitions of dilution and anti-dilution contained in IAS 33, Earnings per Share. Diluted distributable cash amounts will differ from average distributable cash amounts on a per unit basis if earnings per unit calculations show a dilutive impact.

⁽⁶⁾ The transfer of cash during the period to the external partners of Glass America, associated with the taxable income being allocated to them.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Results of Operations	For the	three month	ns ended	For the nine months ended						
	5	September 3	0,	Se	eptember 30	,				
(thousands of Canadian dollars, except per unit amounts)	2016	% change	2015	2016	% change	2015				
Sales - Total	345,309	14.7	301,076	1,026,670	19.2	861,572				
Same-store sales - Total (excluding foreign exchange)	310,611	4.7	296,552	898,407	5.7	850,076				
Gross margin %	46.1	1.1	45.6	45.8	(0.2)	45.9				
Operating expense %	36.9	0.3	36.8	36.8	(1.6)	37.4				
Adjusted EBITDA (1)	31,620	19.7	26,425	91,621	25.3	73,115				
Acquisition and transaction costs	611	(0.5)	614	1,111	(36.5)	1,749				
Depreciation and amortization	8,498	24.9	6,804	24,085	20.1	20,048				
Fair value adjustments	6,218	(78.5)	28,855	16,924	(63.3)	46,137				
Finance costs	2,427	(35.8)	3,782	7,267	(24.6)	9,643				
Income tax expense	7,392	26.4	5,849	20,266	37.0	14,796				
Adjusted net earnings (1)	13,069	29.4	10,100	39,530	35.5	29,175				
Adjusted net earnings per unit	0.724	17.3	0.617	2.194	23.1	1.783				
Net earnings (loss)	6,474	N/A	(19,479)	21,968	N/A	(19,258)				
Basic earnings (loss) per unit	0.358	N/A	(1.189)	1.219	N/A	(1.177)				
Diluted earnings (loss) per unit	0.158	N/A	(1.189)	1.020	N/A	(1.177)				
Standardized distributable cash (1)	8,648	(33.1)	12,923	44,167	(3.8)	45,919				
Adjusted distributable cash (1)	8,057	(31.2)	11,718	41,618	(3.8)	43,247				
Distributions and dividends paid	2,306	12.7	2,047	6,860	11.8	6,136				
(1) As defined in the non-GAAP financial measures section of the Mi	D&A.									

3^{rd} Quarter Comparison – Three months ended September 30, 2016 vs. 2015

Sales

Sales totaled \$345.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016, an increase of \$44.2 million or 14.7% when compared to 2015. The increase in sales was the result of the following:

- \$32.6 million of incremental sales were generated from 65 new locations.
- Same-store sales excluding foreign exchange increased \$1.1 million or 4.7%, but decreased \$1.2 million due to the translation of same-store sales at a lower U.S. dollar exchange rate. Approximately 0.4 percentage points of the same-store sales growth was due to the recent addition of a number of new customers within the third party administrator business, GNCS.
- Sales were affected by the closure of under-performing facilities which decreased sales by \$1.3 million.

Same-store sales are calculated by including sales for stores that have been in operation for the full comparative period.

Gross Profit

Gross Profit was \$159.1 million or 46.1% of sales for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to \$137.4 million or 45.6% of sales for the same period in 2015. Gross profit increased primarily as a result of higher sales compared to the prior period. The gross profit percentage increased when compared with the prior period. These fluctuations are within normal ranges for mix and margin changes period to period.

Operating Expenses

Operating Expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2016 increased \$16.6 million to \$127.5 million from \$110.9 million for the same period of 2015, primarily due to the acquisition of new locations. Excluding the impact of foreign currency translation of approximately \$0.3 million, expenses increased \$17.6 million from 2015 as a result of new locations and increases at same-store locations due primarily to same-store sales growth. Closed locations lowered operating expenses by a combined \$0.7 million.

Operating expenses as a percentage of sales were 36.9% for the three months ended September 30, 2016, which compared to 36.8% for the same period in 2015. The impact of higher wages as a percentage of sales was offset by the positive impact of higher same-store sales levels leveraging the fixed component of operating expenses.

Adjusted EBITDA

Earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, adjusted for the fair value adjustments related to the exchangeable share liability and unit option liability, convertible debenture conversion features and non-controlling interest put options, as well as acquisition and transaction costs ("Adjusted EBITDA")² for the three months ended September 30, 2016 totaled \$31.6 million or 9.2% of sales compared to Adjusted EBITDA of \$26.4 million or 8.8% of sales in the prior year. The \$5.2 million increase was primarily the result of improvements in same-store sales along with incremental EBITDA contribution from acquisitions and new locations. Changes in U.S. dollar exchange rates in 2016 decreased Adjusted EBITDA by \$0.2 million.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation Expense related to property, plant and equipment totaled \$6.0 million or 1.7% of sales for the three months ended September 30, 2016, an increase of \$1.3 million when compared to the \$4.7 million or 1.6% of sales recorded in the same period of the prior year. The increase was primarily due to the growth in the business.

Amortization of intangible assets for the three months ended September 30, 2016 totaled \$2.5 million or 0.7% of sales, an increase of \$0.4 million when compared to the \$2.1 million or 0.7% of sales expensed for the same period in the prior year. The increase is primarily due to the addition of new intangible assets from recent acquisitions.

Fair Value Adjustments

Fair Value Adjustment to Convertible Debenture Conversion Features resulted in a non-cash expense of \$4.7 million for the third quarter of 2016, compared to \$18.0 million in the same period last year. The fair value for the convertible debenture conversion feature is estimated using a Black-Scholes valuation model. The expense recognized in the third quarter of 2016 was primarily the result of the impact of the increase in the market value of the Fund's units compared to the conversion price for the 5.25% Convertible Unsecured Subordinated Debentures.

Fair Value Adjustment to Exchangeable Class A Common Shares liability resulted in a non-cash expense of \$1.6 million for the third quarter of 2016 compared to \$2.1 million in the prior year. The Class A exchangeable shares of BGHI are exchangeable into units of the Fund. This exchangeable feature results in the shares being presented as financial liabilities of the Fund. The liability represents the value of the Fund attributable to these shareholders. Exchangeable Class A shares are measured at the market price of the units of the Fund as of the statement of financial position date. The increase in the liability and the related expense for both years is the result of increases in the value of the Fund's units.

Fair Value Adjustment to Unit Based Payment Obligation resulted in a non-cash expense of \$3.6 million for the third quarter of 2016 compared to \$5.5 million in the prior year. Similar to the exchangeable share liability, the unit option liability is impacted by changes in the value of the Fund's units. The cost of cash-settled unit-based transactions is measured at fair value using a Black-Scholes model and expensed over the vesting period with the recognition of a corresponding liability. The increase in the liability and the related expense is primarily the result of fluctuations in the value of the Fund's units and the additional vesting of units.

² As defined in the non-GAAP financial measures section of the MD&A.

Fair Value Adjustment to Non-controlling Interest Put Options resulted in a non-cash gain of \$3.6 million for the third quarter of 2016 compared to a non-cash expense of \$3.2 million in the prior year. The adjustments relate to agreements the Fund entered into on May 31, 2013, in connection with the acquisition of Glass America, which provide the non-controlling interest partners with the right to require the Company to purchase their retained interest according to a valuation formula defined in the agreements. The value of the put options is determined by discounting the estimated future payment obligations at each statement of financial position date. Soft market conditions in the third quarter compared to the same period in the prior year resulted in a reduction in the value of the put options.

Finance Costs

Finance Costs of \$2.4 million or 0.7% of sales for the three months ended September 30, 2016 decreased from \$3.8 million or 1.3% of sales for the prior year. The decrease in finance costs primarily resulted from the conversion and redemption of the 2012 convertible debentures in early 2016.

Income Taxes

Current and Deferred Income Tax Expense of \$7.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compares to an expense of \$5.8 million for the same period in 2015. Income tax expense is impacted by permanent differences such as mark-to-market adjustments which impacts the tax computed on accounting income.

Net Earnings (Loss) and Earnings (Loss) Per Unit

Net Earnings for the three months ended September 30, 2016 was \$6.5 million or 1.9% of sales compared to a net loss of \$19.5 million or 6.5% of sales last year. The net earnings amount in 2016 was negatively impacted by the fair value adjustments to financial instruments of \$6.2 million which are primarily due to the increase in unit price during the quarter. Excluding the impact of these adjustments as well as acquisition and transaction costs (net of tax) and accelerated amortization of acquired brand names (net of tax), net earnings would have increased to \$13.1 million or 3.8% of sales. This compares to adjusted net earnings of \$10.1 million or 3.4% of sales for the same period in 2015 if the same items were adjusted. The increase in the adjusted net earnings for the year is the result of the contribution of new location growth as well as increases in same-store sales and lower finance costs offset by higher income taxes, depreciation and amortization.

Basic Earnings Per Unit was \$0.358 the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to a basic loss per unit of \$1.189 in the same period in 2015. Diluted earnings per unit was \$0.158 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to a diluted loss per unit of \$1.189 per unit in the same period in 2015. The increases in these amounts for the third quarter of 2016 are primarily attributed to the smaller impact of the fair value adjustments during 2016 compared to 2015.

Year-to-date Comparison – Nine months ended September 30, 2016 vs. 2015

Sales

Sales totaled \$1,026.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, an increase of \$165.1 million or 19.2% when compared to 2015. The increase in sales was the result of the following:

- \$80.0 million of incremental sales were generated from 68 new locations.
- Same-store sales excluding foreign exchange increased \$48.3 million or 5.7%, and increased a further \$41.2 million due to the translation of same-store sales at a higher U.S. dollar exchange rate. Approximately 1.0 percentage points of the same-store sales growth was due to the recent addition of a number of new customers within the third party administrator business, GNCS.
- Sales were affected by the closure of under-performing facilities which decreased sales by \$4.4 million.

Same-store sales are calculated by including sales for stores that have been in operation for the full comparative period.

Gross Profit

Gross Profit was \$469.9 million or 45.8% of sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to \$395.4 million or 45.9% of sales for the same period in 2015. Gross profit increased primarily as a result of higher sales compared to the prior period. The gross profit percentage fluctuation is within normal ranges for mix and margin changes period to period.

Operating Expenses

Operating Expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased \$56.0 million to \$378.3 million from \$322.3 million for the same period of 2015, primarily due to the acquisition of new locations. Excluding the impact of foreign currency translation of approximately \$16.2 million, expenses increased \$42.2 million from 2015 as a result of new locations and increases at same-store locations due primarily to same-store sales growth. Closed locations lowered operating expenses by a combined \$2.4 million.

Operating expenses as a percentage of sales were 36.8% for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, which compared to 37.4% for the same period in 2015. The decrease in operating expenses as a percentage of sales was primarily due to the impact of higher same-store sales levels leveraging the fixed component of operating expenses.

Adjusted EBITDA

Earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, adjusted for the fair value adjustments related to the exchangeable share liability and unit option liability, convertible debenture conversion features and non-controlling interest put options, as well as acquisition and transaction costs ("Adjusted EBITDA")³ for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 totaled \$91.6 million or 8.9% of sales compared to Adjusted EBITDA of \$73.1 million or 8.5% of sales in the prior year. The \$18.5 million increase was primarily the result of improvements in same-store sales along with incremental EBITDA contribution from acquisitions and new locations. Changes in U.S. dollar exchange rates in 2016 increased Adjusted EBITDA by \$3.5 million.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation Expense related to property, plant and equipment totaled \$16.7 million or 1.6% of sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, an increase of \$3.9 million when compared to the \$12.8 million or 1.5% of sales recorded in the same period of the prior year. The increase was primarily due to the growth in the business.

Amortization of intangible assets for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 totaled \$7.4 million or 0.7% of sales, an increase of \$0.2 million when compared to the \$7.2 million or 0.8% of sales expensed for the same period in the prior year. The increase is primarily due to the addition of new intangible assets from recent acquisitions.

Fair Value Adjustments

Fair Value Adjustment to Convertible Debenture Conversion Features resulted in a non-cash expense of \$9.6 million for the first nine months of 2016, compared to \$26.1 million in the same period last year. The fair value for the convertible debenture conversion feature is estimated using a Black-Scholes valuation model. The decrease in the liability and the related expense is primarily the result of the early redemption of the 5.75% Convertible Unsecured Subordinated Debentures on January 5, 2016, offset by the impact of the increase in the market value of the Fund's units over the conversion price for the remaining 5.25% Convertible Unsecured Subordinated Debentures.

³ As defined in the non-GAAP financial measures section of the MD&A.

Fair Value Adjustment to Exchangeable Class A Common Shares liability resulted in a non-cash expense of \$3.4 million for the first nine months of 2016 compared to \$3.4 million in the prior year. The Class A exchangeable shares of BGHI are exchangeable into units of the Fund. This exchangeable feature results in the shares being presented as financial liabilities of the Fund. The liability represents the value of the Fund attributable to these shareholders. Exchangeable Class A shares are measured at the market price of the units of the Fund as of the statement of financial position date. The fair value adjustment, which increased the liability and the related expense for both years, is the result of increases in the value of the Fund's units.

Fair Value Adjustment to Unit Based Payment Obligation resulted in a non-cash expense of \$7.1 million for the first nine months of 2016 compared to \$9.6 million in the prior year. Similar to the exchangeable share liability, the unit option liability is impacted by changes in the value of the Fund's units. The cost of cash-settled unit-based transactions is measured at fair value using a Black-Scholes model and expensed over the vesting period with the recognition of a corresponding liability. The decrease in the liability is primarily the result of the settlement of 200,000 unit options on January 11, 2016. The decrease in the expense compared to the prior year is due to the settlement of unit options on January 11, 2016, offset by the increase in the value of the Fund's units.

Fair Value Adjustment to Non-controlling Interest Put Options resulted in a non-cash gain of \$3.2 million for the first nine months of 2016 compared to a non-cash expense of \$7.0 million in the prior year. The expense relates to agreements the Fund entered into on May 31, 2013, in connection with the acquisition of Glass America, which provide the non-controlling interest partners with the right to require the Company to purchase their retained interest according to a valuation formula defined in the agreements. The value of the put options is determined by discounting the estimated future payment obligations at each statement of financial position date. Soft market conditions in 2016 and especially in the third quarter compared to the same period in the prior year resulted in a reduction in the value of the put options.

Finance Costs

Finance Costs of \$7.3 million or 0.7% of sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 decreased from \$9.6 million or 1.1% of sales for the prior year. The decrease in finance costs primarily resulted from the conversion and redemption of the 2012 convertible debentures in early 2016.

Income Taxes

Current and Deferred Income Tax Expense of \$20.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compares to an expense of \$14.8 million for the same period in 2015. Income tax expense is impacted by permanent differences such as mark-to-market adjustments which impacts the tax computed on accounting income.

Net Earnings (Loss) and Earnings (Loss) Per Unit

Net Earnings for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$22.0 million or 2.1% of sales compared to a net loss of \$19.3 million last year. The net earnings amount in 2016 was negatively impacted by the fair value adjustments to financial instruments of \$16.9 million which are primarily due to the increase in unit price during the period, acquisition and transaction costs of \$0.6 million (net of tax) and accelerated amortization of acquired brand names of \$23 thousand (net of tax). Excluding the impact of these adjustments, net earnings would have increased to \$39.5 million or 3.9% of sales. This compares to adjusted net earnings of \$29.2 million or 3.4% of sales for the same period in 2015 if the same items were adjusted. The increase in the adjusted net earnings for the year is the result of the contribution of new location growth as well as increases in same-store sales and lower finance costs offset by higher income taxes, depreciation and amortization.

Basic Earnings Per Unit was \$1.219 for the first nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to a basic loss per unit of \$1.177 in the same period in 2015. Diluted earnings per unit was \$1.020 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to a diluted loss per unit of \$1.177 per unit in the same period in 2015. The increases in these amounts for 2016 are primarily attributed to the contribution of new location growth and same-store sales growth along with a smaller impact of the fair value adjustments during 2016 compared to 2015.

Summary of Quarterly Results (in thousands of Canadian dollars,																
except per unit amounts)	2	016 Q3	2	016 Q2	2	016 Q1	2	015 Q4	2	2015 Q3	2	015 Q2	2	015 Q1	2	2014 Q4
Sales	\$	345,309	\$	331,005	\$	350,356	\$	312,505	\$	301,076	\$	278,726	\$	281,770	\$	239,560
Adjusted EBITDA (1)	\$	31,620	\$	30,511	\$	29,490	\$	28,552	\$	26,425	\$	25,505	\$	21,185	\$	18,997
Net earnings (loss)	\$	6,474	\$	15,212	\$	282	\$	(2,704)	\$	(19,479)	\$	8,657	\$	(8,436)	\$	(10,806)
Basic earnings (loss) per unit	\$	0.358	\$	0.843	\$	0.016	\$	(0.161)	\$	(1.189)	\$	0.529	\$	(0.516)	\$	(0.661)
Diluted (loss) earnings per unit	\$	0.158	\$	0.683	\$	(0.010)	\$	(0.161)	\$	(1.189)	\$	0.394	\$	(0.516)	\$	(0.661)
Adjusted net earnings (1)(2)	\$	13,069	\$	13,633	\$	12,828	\$	10,446	\$	10,100	\$	11,079	\$	7,996	\$	6,471
Adjusted net earnings per unit (1)(2)	\$	0.724	\$	0.756	\$	0.714	\$	0.622	\$	0.617	\$	0.677	\$	0.489	\$	0.396
(1) As defined in the non-GAAP financi	al me	easures sec	tion	of the MD)& <i>P</i>	۸.										
(2) Adjusted net earnings have been revi	sed t	o reflect th	e in	npact of tax	x or	adjustmen	ıts,	consistent v	vitl	n presentati	on i	n the curre	nt p	eriod.		

Sales and Adjusted EBITDA have increased in recent quarters due to the acquisitions of Netcost, Craftmaster, J&M Auto, Collision Cure, Collision Care and other new locations as well as same-store sales increases and the impact of foreign currency. The loss in certain quarters is primarily due to the fair value adjustments for exchangeable Class A common shares, unit options, convertible debenture conversion features and non-controlling interest put options, which reduced net earnings, as well as due to expensing acquisition and transaction costs.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash flow from operations, together with cash on hand and unutilized credit available on existing credit facilities are expected to be sufficient to meet operating requirements, capital expenditures and distributions. At September 30, 2016, the Fund had cash, net of outstanding deposits and cheques, held on deposit in bank accounts totaling \$44.3 million (December 31, 2015 - \$72.9 million). The net working capital ratio (current assets divided by current liabilities) was 1.09:1 at September 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015 – 1.17:1).

At September 30, 2016, the Fund had total debt outstanding, net of cash, of \$119.7 million compared to \$85.3 million at June 30, 2016, \$99.8 million at March 31, 2016, \$81.8 million at December 31, 2015 and \$89.6 million at September 30, 2015. Debt, net of cash increased during the third quarter of 2016 as a result of acquisition and development activity.

Total debt, net of cash (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Sep	September 30, 2016		June 30, 2016		March 31, 2016	De	cember 31, 2015	September 30, 2015		
Revolving credit facility Convertible debentures Seller notes (1) Obligations under finance leases	\$	32,525 50,775 68,645 12,044	\$	6,220 51,303 63,417 12,221	\$	21,099 51,144 64,311 12,529	\$	75,120 66,547 13,023	\$	73,004 64,790 12,903	
Total debt Cash	\$	163,989 44,333	\$	133,161 47,868	\$	149,083 49,274	\$	154,690 72,926	\$	150,697 61,097	
Total debt, net of cash (1) Seller notes are loans granted to the Comp	\$	119,656	\$	85,293	\$	99,809	\$	81,764	\$	89,600	

Operating Activities

Cash flow generated from operations, before considering working capital changes, was \$23.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to \$18.7 million in 2015. The increase was due to increased Adjusted EBITDA in 2016, resulting primarily from new location growth as well as same-store sales growth.

For the third quarter of 2016, changes in working capital items used net cash of \$10.9 million compared to using \$3.6 million of net cash in 2015. The use of cash from working capital this quarter was due primarily to a smaller payroll accrual as well as billings and collections around the quarter end at September 30, 2016 compared to June 30, 2016. Increases and decreases in accounts receivable, inventory, prepaid expenses, income taxes, accounts payable and accrued liabilities are significantly influenced by timing of collections and expenditures. As the Company uses a bi-weekly payroll cycle, it can experience a significant change in payroll accrual quarter to quarter depending upon when the payroll date falls in relation to quarter end. The use of cash flow from working capital in 2015 was due primarily from reduced accounts payable balances during that period.

Cash flow generated from operations before considering working capital changes, was \$70.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to \$51.3 million for the same period in 2015. The increase reflected higher adjusted EBITDA due to acquisitions and same-store sales growth.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, changes in working capital items used net cash of \$16.3 million compared with providing \$1.3 million in 2015. Increases and decreases in accounts receivable, inventory, prepaid expenses, income taxes, accounts payable and accrued liabilities are significantly influenced by timing of collections and expenditures.

Financing Activities

Cash provided by financing activities totalled \$20.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to cash used in financing activities of \$6.6 million for the prior year. During the third quarter of 2016, cash was provided by a new draw of the revolving credit facility in the amount of \$26.1 million offset by cash used to repay long-term debt associated with seller notes in the amount of \$2.3 million. Cash was also used to repay finance leases in the amount of \$1.3 million and to pay distributions to unitholders, dividends to Class A common shareholders and payments to non-controlling interests totaling \$2.4 million. During 2015, cash was primarily used to repay long-term debt associated with seller notes in the amount of \$2.2 million, to repay finance leases in the amount of \$1.3 million and to pay distributions to unitholders, dividends to Class A common shareholders and payments to non-controlling interests totaling \$2.7 million.

Cash provided by financing activities totalled \$15.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to cash used in financing activities of \$17.6 million for the prior year. During 2016, cash was provided by draws of the revolving credit facility in the amount of \$54.3 million offset by cash used to repay draws as well as long-term debt associated with seller notes in the amount of \$28.5 million. Cash was also used to repay finance leases in the amount of \$4.0 million and to pay distributions to unitholders, dividends to Class A common shareholders and payments to non-controlling interests totaling \$7.0 million. During 2015, cash was primarily used to repay long-term debt associated with seller notes in the amount of \$6.4 million, to repay finance leases in the amount of \$3.9 million and to pay distributions to unitholders, dividends to Class A common shareholders and payments to non-controlling interests totaling \$6.9 million.

Debt Financing

The Company has a revolving credit facility of up to \$150 million U.S. with an accordion feature which can increase the facility to a maximum of \$250 million U.S. The facility is with a syndicate of Canadian and U.S. banks and is secured by the shares and assets of the Company as well as by guarantees of the Fund and BGHI. The interest rate is based on a pricing grid of the Fund's ratio of total funded debt to EBITDA as determined under the credit agreement. The Company can draw the facility in either the U.S. or in Canada, in either U.S. or Canadian dollars and can be drawn in tranches as required. Tranches bear interest only and are not repayable until the maturity date but can be voluntarily repaid at any time. The Company has the ability to choose the base interest rate between Prime, Bankers Acceptances ("BA") or London Inter Bank Offer Rate ("LIBOR"). The total syndicated facility includes a swing line up to a maximum of \$3.0 million in Canada and \$12.0 million in the U.S. At September 30, 2016 the Company has drawn \$25.0 million U.S. on the facility.

Under the revolving facility, Boyd is subject to certain financial covenants which must be maintained to avoid acceleration of the termination of the credit agreement. The financial covenants require the Fund to maintain a total debt to EBITDA ratio of less than 4.25; a senior debt to EBITDA ratio of less than 3.5 up to December 31, 2016 and less than 3.25 thereafter; and a fixed charge coverage ratio of greater than 1.03. For three quarters following a material acquisition, the total debt to EBITDA ratio may be increased to less than 4.75, the senior debt to EBITDA ratio may be increased to less than 4.0 up to December 31, 2016 and increased to less than 3.75 thereafter. The debt calculations exclude the convertible debentures.

The Company supplements its debt financing by negotiating with sellers in certain acquisitions to provide financing to the Company in the form of term notes. The notes payable to sellers are typically at favourable interest rates and for terms of five to 15 years. This source of financing is another means of supporting the Fund's growth, at a relatively low cost. In addition to the nine new seller notes in the aggregate amount of \$5.8 million that were entered into during the first half of 2016, the Fund entered into a further six seller notes in the aggregate amount of \$7.0 million during the third quarter. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Fund entered into nine new seller notes for an aggregate amount of \$5.9 million.

The Fund has traditionally used capital leases to finance a portion of both its maintenance and expansion capital expenditures. The Fund expects to continue to use this source of financing where available at competitive interest rates and terms, although this financing also impacts the total leverage capacity covenants under its debt facility. During the first nine months of 2016, \$3.5 million of expenditures for new equipment, technology infrastructure and vehicles were financed through capital leases. This compares to \$6.9 million for the first nine months of 2015.

Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities totalled \$36.6 million and \$95.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to \$17.2 million and \$38.5 million used in the prior year. The investing activity in both years relate primarily to the acquisitions and new location growth that occurred during these periods.

Acquisitions

On March 18, 2016, the Company, through its Glass America subsidiary, acquired the glass repair assets of Ryan's Auto Glass ("Ryan's") in Cincinnati, Ohio. Ryan's generated sales of approximately \$2 million U.S. for the trailing twelve months ended January 2016.

Since the beginning of 2016, the Company has added 55 collision locations as follows:

Date	Location	Previously operated as
January 4, 2016	Lafayette, IN (2 locations)	Twin City Collision
January 15, 2016	Saanichton, BC and Sidney, BC (2 locations)	Hi-Tech Collision
February 10, 2016	Conyers, GA	n/a start-up
February 29, 2016	Punta Gorda, FL	n/a start-up
March 21, 2016	Portland Area, OR (5 locations)	J&M Auto
March 31, 2016	Indianapolis Area, IN (6 locations)	Collision Cure Body Werks
April 19, 2016	Hudson, OH	Clarke Collision Center
April 29, 2016	Rocky Mount, NC	Faith Autobody
May 6, 2016	Burnaby, BC	Galaxie Collision
May 20, 2016	Sapulpa, OK	Finishing Touches Auto Body
May 31, 2016	Tulsa, OK	Desert Rose Collision
June 3, 2016	Kalamazoo, MI	n/a start-up
June 10, 2016	Airway Heights, WA	City West Auto Body
June 28, 2016	Dallas, GA	n/a start-up
July 8, 2016	Portland, OR	Blue Ribbon Autobody
July 15, 2016	Statesville, NC	Black's Collision Repair
July 22, 2016	Titusville, FL	Freddy Curtis Body Shop
July 29, 2016	Cincinatti Area, OH (9 locations) and Southgate, KY	Collision Care Centers
August 12, 2016	Slidell, LA	n/a start-up
August 22, 2016	Schaumberg, IL	n/a start-up
August 31, 2016	LaPorte, IN	Blake's Collision Center
September 7, 2016	Sebastian, FL	Riverside Auto Body
September 16, 2016	Burnaby, BC	Dumore's Collision
September 23, 2016	Portage, IN	Great Lakes Peterbuilt Body Shop
September 30, 2016	Baton Rouge, LA	Southern Collision
October 14, 2016	Greenville, NC	Hastings Ford
October 17, 2016	Battle Creek, MI	M-66 Auto Body & Frame
October 17, 2016	Fort Wayne, IN	n/a start-up
October 24, 2016	Greenville, NC	Bland & Newsome
October 28, 2016	Grand Junction, CO	Taber Body Paint & Frame
November 4, 2016	Detroit, Michigan Region (5 locations)	Adrian's Collision Centers

The Company completed the acquisition or start-up of 28 locations from the beginning of 2015 until the reporting date of November 10, 2015.

Capital Expenditures

Although most of Boyd's repair facilities are leased, funds are required to ensure facilities are properly repaired and maintained to ensure the Company's physical appearance communicates Boyd's standard of professional service and quality. The Company's need to maintain its facilities and upgrade or replace equipment, signage, computers, software and courtesy car fleets forms part of the annual cash requirements of the business. The Company manages these expenditures by annually reviewing and determining its capital budget needs and then authorizing major expenditures throughout the year based upon individual business cases. Excluding expenditures related to acquisition and development, the Company spent approximately \$4.0 million or 1.2% of sales on sustaining capital expenditures during the third quarter of 2016, compared to \$2.2 million or 0.7% of sales during the same period in 2015. These same expenditures were \$9.7 million or 0.9% of sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to \$6.7 million or 0.8% of sales during the same period in 2015.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Fund has not entered into any new related party transactions beyond the items disclosed in the 2015 annual report, except for the October 31, 2016 amendment to the agreement that provides a member of the Fund's U.S. management team the opportunity to participate in the future growth of the fund's U.S. glass business as described under "Significant Events".

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements that present fairly the financial position, financial condition and results of operations in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires that the Fund make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the statement of financial position date and reported amounts of sales and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates.

The critical accounting estimates are substantially unchanged from those identified in the 2015 annual MD&A.

FUTURE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The following is an overview of accounting standard changes that the Fund will be required to adopt in future years:

IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, was issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") on May 28, 2014 and will replace current guidance found in IAS 11, Construction Contracts and IAS 18, Revenue. IFRS 15 outlines a single comprehensive model to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. On July 22, 2015, the IASB announced a deferral in the effective date for this standard. The standard is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 with early application permitted. A choice of retrospective application or a modified transition approach is provided. On April 12, 2016, the IASB issued clarifying amendments to IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The amendments clarify how to identify a performance obligation in a contract, determine whether a company is a principal or an agent and determine whether the revenue from granting a licence should be recognized at a point in time or over time. The amendments also include additional relief to reduce cost and complexity on initial application. The amendments also require application January 1, 2018. The Fund is currently evaluating the impact of adopting IFRS 15 on its financial statements.

IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, was issued by the IASB on July 24, 2014 and will replace current guidance found in IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*. IFRS 9 includes a logical model for classification and measurement, a single, forward-looking 'expected loss' impairment model and a substantially-reformed approach to hedge accounting. The new standard will come into effect on January 1, 2018 with early application permitted. The Fund is currently evaluating the impact of adopting IFRS 9 on its financial statements.

IFRS 16, *Leases*, was issued by the IASB on January 13, 2016 and will replace the current guidance found in IAS 17, *Leases* and related interpretations. The new standard will bring most leases on-balance sheet through recognition of related assets and liabilities. IFRS 16 establishes principles for recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases. The new standard will come into effect on January 1, 2019 with early application permitted if IFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* has also been applied. The Fund is currently evaluating the impact of adopting IFRS 16 on its financial statements.

On January 19, 2016, the IASB issued narrow-scope amendments to IAS 12, *Income Taxes*. The amendments clarify how to account for deferred tax assets related to debt instruments measured at fair value, and require application for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017 with early application permitted. The Fund is currently evaluating the impact of adopting these amendments on its financial statements.

On January 29, 2016, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows*. The amendments require a reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate both cash flow and non-cash changes in the net debt of a company. The amendments become mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017. The Fund is currently evaluating the impact of adopting these amendments on its financial statements.

On June 20, 2016, the IASB issued narrow-scope amendments to IFRS 2, *Share-based Payment*. The amendments provide requirements on the accounting for: (1) the effects of vesting and non-vesting conditions on the measurement of cash-settled share-based payments; (2) share-based payment transactions with a net settlement feature for withholding tax obligations; and (3) a modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment that changes the classification of the transaction from cash-settled to equity settled. The amendments become mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 with early application permitted. The Fund is currently evaluating the impact of adopting these amendments on its financial statements.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Fund's internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS. During the third quarter of 2016, there have been no changes in the Fund's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Fund's internal control over financial reporting.

BUSINESS RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Risks and uncertainties affecting the business remain substantially unchanged from those identified in the 2015 annual MD&A.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The Fund's units and convertible debentures trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbols TSX: BYD.UN and TSX: BYD.DB.A. Additional information relating to the Boyd Group Income Fund is available on SEDAR (www.sedar.com) and our website (www.boydgroup.com).

FORM 52-109F2 CERTIFICATION OF INTERIM FILINGS FULL CERTIFICATE

- I, Brock Bulbuck, Chief Executive Officer of the Boyd Group Income Fund, certify the following:
 - 1. *Review:* I have reviewed the interim financial report and interim MD&A (together, the "interim filings") of the **Boyd Group Income Fund**, (the "issuer") for the interim period ended **September 30, 2016**.
 - 2. **No misrepresentations:** Based on my knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence, the interim filings do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, with respect to the period covered by the interim filings.
 - 3. *Fair presentation:* Based on my knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence, the interim financial report together with the other financial information included in the interim filings fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, financial performance and cash flows of the issuer, as of the date of and for the periods presented in the interim filings.
 - 4. **Responsibility:** The issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR"), as those terms are defined in National Instrument 52-109 *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings*, for the issuer.
 - 5. *Design:* Subject to the limitations, if any, described in paragraphs 5.2 and 5.3, the issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I have, as at the end of the period covered by the interim filings
 - (a) designed DC&P, or caused it to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance that
 - (i.) material information relating to the issuer is made known to us by others, particularly during the period in which the interim filings are being prepared; and
 - (ii.) information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted by it under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation; and
 - (b) designed ICFR, or caused it to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's GAAP.
 - 5.1 *Control framework:* The control framework the issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I used to design the issuer's ICFR is the Internal Control Integrated Framework (COSO 2013 Framework), published by The Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.
 - 5.2 ICFR material weakness relating to design: N/A
 - 5.3 Limitation on scope of design: N/A
 - 6. **Reporting Changes in ICFR:** The issuer has disclosed in its interim MD&A any change in the issuer's ICFR that occurred during the period beginning on July 1, 2016 and ended on September 30, 2016 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the issuer's ICFR.

Date: November 9, 2016

(signed)

Brock Bulbuck Chief Executive Officer

FORM 52-109F2 CERTIFICATION OF INTERIM FILINGS FULL CERTIFICATE

- I, Narendra Pathipati, Chief Financial Officer of the Boyd Group Income Fund, certify the following:
 - 1. *Review:* I have reviewed the interim financial report and interim MD&A (together, the "interim filings") of the **Boyd Group Income Fund**, (the "issuer") for the interim period ended **September 30, 2016**.
 - 2. **No misrepresentations:** Based on my knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence, the interim report do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, with respect to the period covered by the interim filings.
 - 3. *Fair presentation:* Based on my knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence, the interim financial report together with the other financial information included in the interim filings fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, financial performance and cash flows of the issuer, as of the date of and for the periods presented in the interim filings.
 - 4. **Responsibility:** The issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR"), as those terms are defined in National Instrument 52-109 *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings*, for the issuer.
 - 5. **Design:** Subject to the limitations, if any, described in paragraphs 5.2 and 5.3, the issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I have, as at the end of the period covered by the interim filings
 - (a) designed DC&P, or caused it to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance that
 - (i.) material information relating to the issuer is made known to us by others, particularly during the period in which the interim filings are being prepared; and
 - (ii.) information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted by it under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation; and
 - (b) designed ICFR, or caused it to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's GAAP.
 - 5.2 *Control framework:* The control framework the issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I used to design the issuer's ICFR is the Internal Control Integrated Framework (COSO 2013 Framework), published by The Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.
 - 5.2 ICFR material weakness relating to design: N/A
 - 5.3 Limitation on scope of design: N/A
 - 6. **Reporting Changes in ICFR:** The issuer has disclosed in its interim MD&A any change in the issuer's ICFR that occurred during the period beginning on July 1, 2016 and ended on September 30, 2016 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the issuer's ICFR.

Date: November 9, 2016

(signed)

Narendra Pathipati
Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer



BOYD GROUP INCOME FUND

Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016

<u>Notice</u>: These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have not been audited or reviewed by the Fund's independent external auditors, Deloitte LLP.

BOYD GROUP INCOME FUND INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Unaudited)

(thousands of Canadian dollars)

		Sep	tember 30,	De	cember 31,
	Note		2016		2015
Assets	Note				
Current assets:					
Cash		\$	44,333	¢	72.026
		Þ	/	Þ	72,926
Accounts receivable			83,105		64,798
Income taxes recoverable			948		3,115
Inventory			19,997		20,977
Prepaid expenses			18,233		13,140
			166,616		174,956
Note receivable			473		678
Property, plant and equipment	5		151,181		133,043
Deferred income tax asset			1,966		2,622
Deferred financing costs	9		-		321
Intangible assets	6		154,203		143,679
Goodwill	7		218,555		183,623
		\$	692,994	\$	638,922
Liabilities and Equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$	136,745	\$	134,431
Distributions payable	8		759		705
Dividends payable	8		10		11
Current portion of long-term debt	9		11,528		9,802
Current portion of obligations under finance leases			4,053		4,547
			153,095		149,496
Long-term debt	9		89,642		56,745
Obligations under finance leases			7,991		8,476
Convertible debentures	10		50,775		75,120
Convertible debenture conversion features	12		25,791		60,164
Deferred income tax liability			25,610		20,602
Exchangeable Class A common shares	12		16,824		15,536
Unit based payment obligation	13		28,143		33,118
Non-controlling interest put options	12		29,563		34,738
			427,434		453,995
Equity					
Accumulated other comprehensive earnings			57,048		75,111
Deficit			(101,370)		(116,517
Unitholders' capital	15		305,880		222,331
Contributed surplus			4,002		4,002
			265,560		184,927
		\$	692,994	\$	638,922

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements

Approved by the Board:

BROCK BULBUCK

Trustee

ALLAN DAVIS Trustee

BOYD GROUP INCOME FUND INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Unaudited)

(thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit amounts)

		Unitholde	olders' Capital Accumulated Other Contributed Comprehensive									
		Units	A	Amount	Su	ırplus	-	rnings	Deficit		Tot	al Equity
	Note											
Balances - January 1, 2015		16,359,107	\$	196,406	\$	4,002	\$	21,977	\$	(86,402)	\$	135,983
Issue costs (net of tax of \$nil) Retractions Conversion of convertible debentures		4,875 424,227		(29) 259 25,695								(29) 259 25,695
Other comprehensive earnings Net loss								53,134		(21,962)		53,134 (21,962)
Comprehensive earnings								53,134		(21,962)		31,172
Distributions to unitholders										(8,153)		(8,153)
Balances - December 31, 2015		16,788,209	\$	222,331	\$	4,002	\$	75,111	\$	(116,517)	\$	184,927
Issue costs (net of tax of \$nil) Units issued from treasury in connection with options exercised Retractions Conversion and redemption of convertible debentures	15 15	200,000 29,543 1,042,751		(75) 12,432 2,148 69,044								(75) 12,432 2,148 69,044
Other comprehensive loss Net earnings								(18,063)		21,968		(18,063) 21,968
Comprehensive earnings								(18,063)		21,968		3,905
Distributions to unitholders	8									(6,821)		(6,821)
Balances - September 30, 2016		18,060,503	\$	305,880	\$	4,002	\$	57,048	\$	(101,370)	\$	265,560
Balances - January 1, 2015		16,359,107	\$	196,406	\$	4,002	\$	21,977	\$	(86,402)	\$	135,983
Issue costs (net of tax of \$nil) Retractions Conversion of convertible debentures		4,438 423,928		(29) 232 25,688								(29) 232 25,688
Other comprehensive earnings Net loss								41,986		(19,258)		41,986 (19,258)
Comprehensive earnings								41,986		(19,258)		22,728
Distributions to unitholders	8									(6,055)		(6,055)
Balances - September 30, 2015		16,787,473	\$	222,297	\$	4,002	\$	63,963	\$	(111,715)	\$	178,547

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements

BOYD GROUP INCOME FUND INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS (LOSS) (Unaudited)

(thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit and per unit amounts)

		7	Three months ended September 30,			N	line months end	ed September 30,		
			2016		2015		2016		2015	
	Note									
Sales	17	\$	345,309	\$	301,076	\$	1,026,670	\$	861,572	
Cost of sales			186,209		163,705		556,779		466,206	
Gross profit			159,100		137,371		469,891		395,366	
Operating expenses			127,480		110,946		378,270		322,251	
Acquisition and transaction costs	4		611		614		1,111		1,749	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	5		5,986		4,732		16,669		12,830	
Amortization of intangible assets	6		2,512		2,072		7,416		7,218	
Fair value adjustments	11		6,218		28,855		16,924		46,137	
Finance costs			2,427		3,782		7,267		9,643	
			145,234		151,001		427,657		399,828	
Earnings (loss) before income taxes			13,866		(13,630)		42,234		(4,462)	
Income tax expense										
Current			5,105		4,444		13,549		12,550	
Deferred			2,287		1,405		6,717		2,246	
			7,392		5,849		20,266		14,796	
Net earnings (loss)		\$	6,474	\$	(19,479)	\$	21,968	\$	(19,258)	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interi	m condei	nsed	consolidated financia	l stat	ements					
Basic earnings (loss) per unit	18	\$	0.358	\$	(1.189)	\$	1.219	\$	(1.177)	
Diluted earnings (loss) per unit	18	\$	0.158	\$	(1.189)	\$	1.020	\$	(1.177)	
Basic weighted average number of units outstanding	18		18,058,588		16,376,313		18,020,015		16,365,297	
Diluted weighted average number of units outstanding	18		18,422,510		16,376,313		18,383,937		16,365,297	

BOYD GROUP INCOME FUND INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS (Unaudited)

(thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Three months ended September 30, 2016 2015				Nine months ended September 30, 2016 2015			
Net earnings (loss) Other comprehensive earnings (loss)	\$	6,474	\$	(19,479)	\$	21,968	\$	(19,258)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings								
Change in unrealized earnings on translating financial statements of foreign operations		2,913		21,978		(18,063)		41,986
Other comprehensive earnings (loss)		2,913		21,978		(18,063)		41,986
Comprehensive earnings	\$	9,387	\$	2,499	\$	3,905	\$	22,728

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements

BOYD GROUP INCOME FUND INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Th	ree months ended S 2016	September 30, 2015	Nine months ended Sep 2016	2015	
Cash flows from operating activities						
Net earnings (loss)	\$	6,474 \$	(19,479) \$	21,968 \$	(19,258)	
Items not affecting cash						
Fair value adjustments		6,218	28,855	16,924	46,137	
Deferred income taxes		2,287	1,405	6,717	2,246	
Amortization of discount on convertible debt		237	455	694	1,260	
Amortization of deferred finance costs		17	761	53	867	
Amortization of intangible assets		2,512	2,072	7,416	7,218	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		5,986	4,732	16,669	12,830	
Gain on disposal of equipment and software		(163)	(111)	(339)	(133)	
Interest accrued on Exchangeable Class A						
common shares		29	33	91	98	
		23,597	18,723	70,193	51,265	
Changes in non-cash working capital items		(10,938)	(3,566)	(16,316)	1,343	
		12,659	15,157	53,877	52,608	
Cash flows provided by (used in) financing act	ivities					
Fund units issued from treasury						
in connection with options exercised		-	-	382	-	
Issue costs		-	-	(75)	(29)	
Increase in obligations under long-term debt		26,100	-	54,332	-	
Repayment of long-term debt		(2,268)	(2,191)	(28,479)	(6,443)	
Repayment of obligations under finance leases		(1,285)	(1,330)	(4,009)	(3,892)	
Dividends paid on Exchangeable Class A						
common shares		(31)	(33)	(93)	(98)	
Distributions paid to unitholders		(2,275)	(2,014)	(6,767)	(6,038)	
Payment to non-controlling interests		(67)	(644)	(156)	(770)	
Payment of financing costs		-	(356)	-	(356)	
Collection of notes receivable		-	8	-	34	
		20,174	(6,560)	15,135	(17,592)	
Cash flows used in investing activities						
Proceeds on sale of equipment and software		150	155	505	241	
Equipment purchases and facility improvements		(3,736)	(2,176)	(8,515)	(6,399)	
Acquisition and development of businesses						
(net of cash acquired)		(32,847)	(15,161)	(86,383)	(32,248)	
Software purchases and licensing		(275)	(58)	(1,195)	(290)	
Senior managers unit loan program		65	26	198	150	
		(36,643)	(17,214)	(95,390)	(38,546)	
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash		275	3,653	(2,215)	7,117	
Net (decrease) increase in cash position		(3,535)	(4,964)	(28,593)	3,587	
Cash, beginning of year		47,868	66,061	72,926	57,510	
Cash, end of year	\$	44,333 \$	61,097 \$	44,333 \$	61,097	
Income taxes paid	\$	5,177 \$	4,721 \$		10,812	
Interest paid	\$	1,958 \$	5,355 \$	6,362 \$	9,202	

 $\label{thm:condensed} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements}$

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2016 (thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Boyd Group Income Fund (the "Fund" or "BGIF") is an unincorporated, open-ended mutual fund trust established under the laws of the Province of Manitoba, Canada on December 16, 2002. It was established for the purposes of acquiring and holding a majority interest in The Boyd Group Inc. (the "Company"). The Company is partially owned by Boyd Group Holdings Inc. ("BGHI"), which is controlled by the Fund. These financial statements reflect the activities of the Fund, the Company and all its subsidiaries including BGHI.

The Company's business consists of the ownership and operation of autobody/autoglass repair facilities and related services. At the reporting date, the Company operated locations in five Canadian provinces under the trade name Boyd Autobody & Glass, as well as in 20 U.S. states under the trade name Gerber Collision & Glass. The Company uses newly acquired brand names during a transition period until acquired locations have been rebranded. The Company is also a major retail auto glass operator in the U.S. with locations across 31 U.S. states under the trade names Gerber Collision & Glass, Glass America, Auto Glass Service, Auto Glass Authority and Autoglassonly.com. The Company also operates Gerber National Claim Services ("GNCS"), that offers glass, emergency roadside and first notice of loss services with approximately 5,500 glass provider locations and 4,600 Emergency Roadside Services provider locations throughout the U.S.

The units and convertible debentures of the Fund are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange and trade under the symbols "BYD.UN" and "BYD.DB.A". The head office and principal address of the Fund are located at 3570 Portage Avenue, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada, R3K 0Z8.

The policies applied in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are based on International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued and outstanding as of November 8, 2016, the date the Board of Trustees approved the statements. Any subsequent changes to IFRS that are given effect in the Fund's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2016 could result in restatement of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34,"Interim financial reporting" using the same accounting policies and methods of computation followed in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015, except for the accounting policy for share-based compensation, which came into effect January 1, 2016 and has been outlined in note 14. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Fund did not adopt any changes in accounting policies that resulted in a material impact to the financial statements of the Fund. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2016 (thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

3. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ADOPTED AND FUTURE STANDARDS NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The following is an overview of accounting standard changes that the Fund will be required to adopt in future years:

IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, was issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") on May 28, 2014 and will replace current guidance found in IAS 11, Construction Contracts and IAS 18, Revenue. IFRS 15 outlines a single comprehensive model to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. On July 22, 2015, the IASB announced a deferral in the effective date for this standard. The standard is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 with early application permitted. A choice of retrospective application or a modified transition approach is provided. On April 12, 2016, the IASB issued clarifying amendments to IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The amendments clarify how to identify a performance obligation in a contract, determine whether a company is a principal or an agent and determine whether the revenue from granting a licence should be recognized at a point in time or over time. The amendments also include additional relief to reduce cost and complexity on initial application. The amendments also require application January 1, 2018. The Fund is currently evaluating the impact of adopting IFRS 15 on its financial statements.

IFRS 9, Financial Instruments, was issued by the IASB on July 24, 2014 and will replace current guidance found in IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. IFRS 9 includes a logical model for classification and measurement, a single, forward-looking 'expected loss' impairment model and a substantially-reformed approach to hedge accounting. The new standard will come into effect on January 1, 2018 with early application permitted. The Fund is currently evaluating the impact of adopting IFRS 9 on its financial statements.

IFRS 16, *Leases*, was issued by the IASB on January 13, 2016 and will replace the current guidance found in IAS 17, *Leases* and related interpretations. The new standard will bring most leases on-balance sheet through recognition of related assets and liabilities. IFRS 16 establishes principles for recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases. The new standard will come into effect on January 1, 2019 with early application permitted if IFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* has also been applied. The Fund is currently evaluating the impact of adopting IFRS 16 on its financial statements.

On January 19, 2016, the IASB issued narrow-scope amendments to IAS 12, *Income Taxes*. The amendments clarify how to account for deferred tax assets related to debt instruments measured at fair value, and require application for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017 with early application permitted. The Fund is currently evaluating the impact of adopting these amendments on its financial statements.

On January 29, 2016, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows*. The amendments require a reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate both cash flow and non-cash changes in the net debt of a company. The amendments become mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017. The Fund is currently evaluating the impact of adopting these amendments on its financial statements.

On June 20, 2016, the IASB issued narrow-scope amendments to IFRS 2, *Share-based Payment*. The amendments provide requirements on the accounting for: (1) the effects of vesting and non-vesting conditions on the measurement of cash-settled share-based payments; (2) share-based payment transactions with a net settlement feature for withholding tax obligations; and (3) a modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment that changes the classification of the transaction from cash-settled to equity settled. The amendments become mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 with early application permitted. The Fund is currently evaluating the impact of adopting these amendments on its financial statements.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2016 (thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

4. ACQUISITIONS

The Fund completed 19 acquisitions that added 39 locations, as well as the acquisition of a glass repair business with four locations during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 as follows:

Acquisition Date	Location
January 4, 2016	Lafayette, Indiana (2 locations)
January 15, 2016	Saanichton, British Columbia and Sidney, British Columbia
March 18, 2016	Cincinnati, Ohio (4 autoglass locations)
March 21, 2016	Portland Area, Oregon (5 locations)
March 31, 2016	Indianapolis Area, Indiana (6 locations)
April 19, 2016	Hudson, Ohio
April 29, 2016	Rocky Mount, North Carolina
May 6, 2016	Burnaby, British Columbia
May 20, 2016	Sapulpa, Oklahoma
May 31, 2016	Tulsa, Oklahoma
June 10, 2016	Airway Heights, Washington
July 8, 2016	Portland, Oregon
July 15, 2016	Statesville, North Carolina
July 22, 2016	Titusville, Florida
July 29, 2016	Cincinatti Region, Ohio (9 locations), Southgate, Kentucky (1 location)
August 31, 2016	LaPorte, Indiana
September 7, 2016	Sebastian, Florida
September 16, 2016	Burnaby, British Columbia
September 23, 2016	Portage, Indiana
September 30, 2016	Baton Rouge, Louisiana

The Fund has accounted for the acquisitions using the acquisition method as follows:

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2016 (thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

Acquisitions in 2016	Total uisitions	
Identifiable net assets acquired at fair value:		
Other currents assets	\$ 1,655	
Property, plant and equipment	16,147	
Identified intangible assets		
Customer relationships	23,185	
Non-compete agreements	1,040	
Liabilities assumed	(441)	
Identifiable net assets acquired	\$ 41,586	
Goodwill	44,081	
Total purchase consideration	\$ 85,667	
Consideration provided		
Cash paid or payable	\$ 72,825	
Sellers notes	12,842	
Total consideration provided	\$ 85,667	

The preliminary purchase prices for the 2016 acquisitions as disclosed above may be revised as additional information becomes available. Further adjustments may be recorded in future periods as purchase price adjustments are finalized.

U.S. acquisition transactions are initially recognized in Canadian dollars at the rates of exchange in effect on the transaction dates. Subsequently, the assets and liabilities are translated at the rate in effect at the Statement of Financial Position date.

A significant part of the goodwill recorded on the acquisitions can be attributed to the assembled workforce and the operating know-how of key personnel. However, no intangible assets qualified for separate recognition in this respect.

Goodwill recognized during 2016 is expected to be deductible for tax purposes, except for goodwill related to the March 21, 2016 acquisition in the Portland Area of Oregon. Goodwill recognized on this transaction totalled \$7,040.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2016 (thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

As at	September 30, 2016			December 31, 2015		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	133,043	\$	89,264		
Acquired through business combination		16,147		14,377		
Additions		25,238		29,792		
Proceeds on disposal		(505)		(352)		
Gain on disposal		339		215		
Depreciation		(16,669)		(18,022)		
Foreign exchange		(6,412)		17,769		
Balance, end of period	\$	151,181	\$	133,043		

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

As at	September 30, 2016			December 31, 2015		
Balance, beginning of year Acquired through business combination Additions Amortization Foreign exchange	\$	143,679 24,225 1,183 (7,416) (7,468)	\$	112,053 10,730 9,102 (10,072) 21,866		
Balance, end of period	\$	154,203	\$	143,679		

7. GOODWILL

As at	September 30, 2016			December 31, 2015		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	183,623	\$	142,755		
Acquired through business combination Deferred tax liability on purchase price allocation adjustment		44,081		11,565 756		
Purchase price allocation adjustments within the measurement period		-		(293)		
Additional consideration provided		-		1,221		
Foreign exchange		(9,149)		27,619		
Balance, end of period	\$	218,555	\$	183,623		

In February 2015, additional consideration was provided to the sellers of Collex Collision Experts Inc. and Collex Collision Experts of Florida Inc. in order to allow the Fund to file an election that allows the transaction to be treated as an asset acquisition for U.S. federal income tax purposes, resulting in stepped-up tax basis of the assets acquired.

The purchase price allocation adjustments represent balance sheet reclassifications between accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deferred income taxes and goodwill within the measurement period for the Collision Revision acquisition.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2016 (thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

8. DISTRIBUTIONS AND DIVIDENDS

The Fund's Trustees have discretion in declaring distributions. The Fund's distribution policy is to make distributions of its available cash from operations taking into account current and future performance, amounts necessary for principal and interest payments on debt obligations, amounts required for maintenance capital expenditures and amounts allocated to reserves.

Distributions to unitholders and dividends on the exchangeable Class A shares were declared and paid as follows:

			ition per Unit /				_
Record date	Payment date	Divide	end per Share	Distri	bution amount	Divid	lend amount
January 31, 2016	February 25, 2016	\$	0.0420	\$	757	\$	11
February 29, 2016	March 29, 2016		0.0420		757		11
March 31, 2016	April 27, 2016		0.0420		757		11
April 30, 2016	May 27, 2016		0.0420		758		10
May 31, 2016	June 28, 2016		0.0420		758		10
June 30, 2016	July 27, 2016		0.0420		758		10
July 31, 2016	August 29, 2016		0.0420		758		10
August 31, 2016	September 29, 2016		0.0420		759		10
September 30, 2016	October 27, 2016		0.0420		759		10
		\$	0.3780	\$	6,821	\$	93

		Distri	bution per Unit /				
Record date	Payment date	Divi	dend per Share	Distri	bution amount	Divi	dend amount
January 31, 2015	February 25, 2015	\$	0.0410	\$	671	\$	11
February 28, 2015	March 27, 2015		0.0410		671		11
March 31, 2015	April 28, 2015		0.0410		671		11
April 30, 2015	May 27, 2015		0.0410		670		10
May 31, 2015	June 26, 2015		0.0410		670		11
June 30, 2015	July 29, 2015		0.0410		671		11
July 31, 2015	August 26, 2015		0.0410		672		11
August 31, 2015	September 28, 2015		0.0410		671		11
September 30, 2015	October 28, 2015		0.0410		688		11
		\$	0.3690	\$	6,055	\$	98

At September 30, 2016, there were 205,493 (December 31, 2015 - 235,036) exchangeable Class A shares outstanding with a carrying value of \$16,824 (December 31, 2015 - \$15,536).

During 2016, an expense in the amount of \$3,437 (2015 - \$3,373) was recorded against earnings related to these exchangeable Class A shares. During the third quarter, an expense in the amount of \$1,564 (2015 - \$2,148) was recorded to earnings (loss) related to these exchangeable Class A shares.

Further distributions and dividends were declared for the month of October 2016 in the amount of \$0.042 per unit/share.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2016 (thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

9. LONG-TERM DEBT

On July 23, 2015, the Company entered into an amended and restated credit agreement for a term of five years, increasing the revolving credit facility to \$150,000 U.S., with an accordion feature which can increase the facility to a maximum of \$250,000 U.S. The facility is with a syndicate of Canadian and U.S. banks and is secured by the shares and assets of the Company as well as guarantees by BGIF and BGHI. The interest rate is based on a pricing grid of the Fund's ratio of total funded debt to EBITDA as determined under the credit agreement. The Company can draw the facility in either the U.S. or in Canada, in either U.S. or Canadian dollars and can be drawn in tranches as required. Tranches bear interest only and are not repayable until the maturity date but can be voluntarily repaid at any time. The Company has the ability to choose the base interest rate between Prime, Bankers Acceptances ("BA") or London Inter Bank Offer Rate ("LIBOR"). The total syndicated facility includes a swing line up to a maximum of \$3,000 in Canada and \$12,000 in the U.S.

Under the revolving facility the Company is subject to certain financial covenants which must be maintained to avoid acceleration of the termination of the credit agreement. The financial covenants require the Fund to maintain a total debt to EBITDA ratio of less than 4.25; a senior debt to EBITDA ratio of less than 3.5 up to December 31, 2016 and less than 3.25 thereafter; and a fixed charge coverage ratio of greater than 1.03. For three quarters following a material acquisition, the total debt to EBITDA ratio may be increased to less than 4.0 up to December 31, 2016 and increased to less than 3.75 thereafter. The debt calculations exclude the convertible debentures. As at September 30, 2016, \$32,792 (\$25,000 U.S.) had been drawn under the revolving facility. As at December 31, 2015, neither the revolving facility nor the swing line had been drawn on.

Deferred financing costs of \$356 were incurred during 2015 to complete the amended and restated credit agreement. These fees are amortized to finance costs on a straight line basis over the five year term of the amended and restated credit agreement. The unamortized deferred financing costs of \$267 have been netted against the debt drawn as at September 30, 2016.

As at September 30, 2016, the Company was in compliance with all financial covenants.

Long-term debt is comprised of the following:

As at	September 30, 2016			December 31, 2015		
Revolving credit facility (net of financing costs) Seller notes		2,525 8,645	\$	- 66,547		
Current portion	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,170 1,528	\$	66,547 9,802		
	\$ 8	9,642	\$	56,745		

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2016 (thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

The following is the continuity of long-term debt:

As at	-	September 30, 2016		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	66,547	\$	56,598
Consideration on acquisition		12,842		7,971
Net draw		54,332		-
Repayment		(28,479)		(8,926)
Foreign exchange		(4,072)		10,904
Balance, end of period	\$	101,170	\$	66,547

The following table summarizes the repayment schedule of the long-term debt:

Principal Payments	September 2016	30,	De	ecember 31, 2015
Less than 1 year 1 to 5 years Greater than 5 years	\$ 11,; 70, 19,		\$	9,802 33,242 23,503
	\$ 101,	70	\$	66,547

Included in finance costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 is interest on long-term debt of \$3,291 (2015 - \$3,836).

10. CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

On December 19, 2012, the Fund issued \$30,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible unsecured subordinated debentures due December 31, 2017 (the "Debentures") with a conversion price of \$23.40. On December 24, 2012, as allowed under the provisions of the agreement to issue the Debentures, the underwriters purchased an additional \$4,200 aggregate principal amount of Debentures increasing the aggregate proceeds of the Debenture Offering to \$34,200.

Between December 19, 2012 and November 6, 2015, at the request of the holder, the Fund converted \$9,996 of principal amount of Debentures into units of the Fund. On January 5, 2016, the Fund completed the early redemption and cancellation of the Debentures. Subsequent to the initial announcement of the early redemption, \$24,012 principal amount of the Debentures were converted into 1,026,152 units of the Fund. The remaining \$192 in Debentures were redeemed and cancelled by issuing 3,000 units. As a result of redemption and cancellation, the Debentures previously listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "BYD.DB" were de-listed.

On September 29, 2014, the Fund issued \$50,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible unsecured subordinated debentures due October 31, 2021 (the "2014 Debentures") with a conversion price of \$61.40. On September 29, 2014, as allowed under the provisions of the agreement to issue the 2014 Debentures, the underwriters purchased an additional \$7,500 aggregate principal amount of 2014 Debentures increasing the aggregate proceeds of the 2014 Debenture offering to \$57,500.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2016 (thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

The 2014 Debentures bear interest at an annual rate of 5.25% payable semi-annually, and are convertible at the option of the holder into units of the Fund at any time prior to the maturity date and may be redeemed by the Fund on or after October 31, 2017 provided that certain thresholds are met surrounding the weighted average market price of the trust units at that time. On redemption or maturity, the 2014 Debentures may, at the option of the Fund, be repaid in cash or, subject to regulatory approval, units of the Fund.

Details of the 2014 Debentures carrying value are as follows:

As at	Septemb 201		December 31, 2015		
Balance, beginning of year Adjusted for:	\$	50,916 \$	50,047		
Accretion charges Conversion to Fund units		694 (835)	869 -		
Balance, end of period	\$	50,775 \$	50,916		

During 2016, an expense in the amount of \$9,631 (2015 – \$26,142) was recorded to earnings related to convertible debentures. During the third quarter, an expense in the amount of \$4,662 (2015 - \$17,956) was recorded to earnings (loss) related to convertible debentures.

11. FAIR VALUE ADJUSTMENTS

	For the three months ended September 30,			For the nine months ended September 30,				
		2016		2015		2016		2015
Convertible debenture conversion features	\$	4,662	\$	17,956	\$	9,631	\$	26,142
Exchangeable Class A common shares		1,564		2,148		3,437		3,373
Unit based payment obligation		3,550		5,523		7,074		9,649
Non-controlling interest put options		(3,558)		3,228		(3,218)		6,973
Total fair value adjustments	\$	6,218	\$	28,855	\$	16,924	\$	46,137

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2016 (thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Carrying value and estimated fair value of financial instruments

		September 30, 2016		30, 2016	December 3	31, 2015
	Classification	Fair value hierarchy	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Diagram de la consta	Classification	merareny	amount	varue	amount	varue
Financial assets Cash	FVTPL (1)	1	44,333	44,333	72,926	72,926
Financial liabilities						
2012 convertible debenture	Other financial liabilities	2	-	-	24,204	70,918
2012 convertible debenture conversion feature	FVTPL (1)	2	-	-	43,945	43,945
2014 convertible debenture	Other financial liabilities	2	50,775	79,331	50,916	70,725
2014 convertible debenture conversion feature	FVTPL (1)	2	25,791	25,791	16,219	16,219
Exchangeable Class A common shares	FVTPL (1)	1	16,824	16,824	15,536	15,536
Non-controlling interest put options	FVTPL (1)	3	29,563	29,563	34,738	34,738

⁽¹⁾ Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

For the Fund's current financial assets and liabilities, including accounts receivable, notes receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, distributions payable and dividends payable, which are short term in nature and subject to normal trade terms, the carrying values approximate their fair value. As there is no ready secondary market for the Fund's long-term debt, the fair value has been estimated using the discounted cash flow method. The fair value using the discounted cash flow method is approximately equal to carrying value. The fair value for the non-controlling interest put option is based on the estimated cash payment or receipt necessary to settle the contract at the Statement of Financial Position date. Cash payments or receipts are based on discounted cash flows using current market rates and prices and adjusted for credit risk. The fair value of the exchangeable Class A shares is estimated using the market price of the units of Fund as of the statement of financial position date. The fair value for the 2014 convertible debenture conversion feature is estimated using a Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions used: stock price \$81.87, dividend yield 0.85%, expected volatility 27.23%, risk free interest rate of 0.77%, term of five years. The fair value for the Fund's debentures will change based on the movement in bond rates and changes in the Fund's credit rating.

Collateral

The Company's syndicated loan facility is collateralized by a General Security Agreement. The carrying amount of the financial assets pledged as collateral for this facility at September 30, 2016 was approximately \$127,438 (December 31, 2015 - \$137,724).

Interest rate risk

The Company's operating line and syndicated loan facility are exposed to interest rate fluctuations and the Company does not hold any financial instruments to mitigate this risk. Convertible debentures and seller notes are at fixed interest rates.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2016 (thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

Foreign currency risk

The Company's operations in the U.S. are more closely tied to its domestic currency. Accordingly, the U.S. operations are measured in U.S. dollars and the Company's foreign exchange translation exposure relates to these operations. When the U.S. operation's net asset values are converted to Canadian dollars, currency fluctuations result in period to period changes in those net asset values. The Fund's equity position reflects these changes in net asset values as recorded in accumulated other comprehensive earnings. The income and expenses of the U.S. operations are translated into Canadian dollars at the average rate for the period in order to include their financial results in the consolidated financial statements. Period to period changes in the average exchange rates cause translation effects that have an impact on net earnings. Unlike the effect of exchange rate fluctuations on transaction exposure, the exchange rate translation risk does not affect local currency cash flows.

Transactional foreign currency risk also exists in circumstances where U.S. denominated cash is received in Canada. The Company monitors U.S. denominated cash flows to be received in Canada and evaluates whether to use forward foreign exchange contracts. No forward foreign exchange contracts were used during 2016 or 2015.

The Fund earns interest on promissory notes issued to The Boyd Group (U.S.) Inc., the parent of the Fund's U.S. operations. As at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, promissory notes denominated in Canadian dollars are as follows:

Promissory notes As at	September 30, 2016		December 31, 2015	
Promissory note at 3.3% due September 29, 2017	\$	108,000	\$	108,000
Promissory note at 6.5% due January 1, 2020		41,800		41,800
Promissory note at 8.58% due January 1 2024		6,800		6,800
Promissory note at 8.58% due January 1, 2024		25,000		25,000
Promissory note at 8.58% due January 1, 2024		30,000		30,000
	\$	211,600	\$	211,600

On January 4, 2016, \$11,000 of the \$25,000 note due January 1, 2024 was assigned by the Fund to The Boyd Group Inc. This assignment was related to the conversion and redemption of the Fund's 2012 convertible debentures and was made in exchange for The Boyd Group Inc. issuing 11,000 Class IV shares to the Fund.

Currently the Fund's U.S. operations purchase Canadian dollars at market rates to fund the monthly interest payments.

Non-controlling interest put option

On May 31, 2013, the Fund entered into an agreement whereby Glass America contributed its auto-glass business to Gerber Glass in exchange for shares representing a 30% ownership interest in a new combined Glass America entity. The agreement contains a put option, which provides the non-controlling interest with the right to require the Fund to purchase their retained interest according to a valuation formula defined in the agreement. All changes in the estimated liability are recorded in earnings. The put option was restricted until June 1, 2015.

On May 31, 2013, in connection with the acquisition of Glass America, the Fund entered into an agreement that provides a member of its U.S. management team the opportunity to participate in the future growth of the Fund's U.S. glass business. Within the agreement was a put option held by the non-controlling shareholder that provided the shareholder an option to put the business back to the Fund according to a valuation formula defined in the agreement. The put option is restricted until December 1, 2016 and is exercisable anytime thereafter by the glass-business operating partner. The put option may be exercised before December 1, 2016 upon the occurrence of certain unusual events such as a change of control or resignation of the operating partner. All fair value changes in the estimated liability are recorded in earnings.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2016 (thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

The liability recognized in connection with both put options has been calculated using formulas defined in the agreements. The formula for the Glass America put is based on a multiple of EBITDA for the trailing twelve months. The formula for the Gerber Glass put is based on multiples of estimated future earnings of the combined Gerber Glass and Glass America business, and estimated future exercise dates. The estimated future payment obligation is then discounted to its present value at each statement of financial position date. The significant unobservable inputs include the put being exercised in one year at a probability weighted estimated EBITDA level of approximately \$8,600 USD using a discount rate of 9%. An increase in the EBITDA level or a reduction in the discount rate would increase the put liability.

During 2016, the Fund made \$156 (2015 - \$1,086) in payments to the Glass America non-controlling interest.

The liability for non-controlling interest put options comprises the following:

As at	-	ember 30, 2016	Dec	cember 31, 2015
Glass-business operating partner non-controlling interest put option Glass America non-controlling interest put option	\$	7,711 21,852	\$	10,850 23,888
	\$	29,563	\$	34,738

The change in the non-controlling interest put option liabilities is summarized as follows:

	September 30, 2016				Decembe		r 31, 2015	
	Glass-business operating partner		Glass America non-controlling interest		Glass-business operating partner		Glass America non-controlling interest	
Balance, beginning of year Fair value adjustments Payment to non-controlling interests Foreign exchange	\$	10,850 (2,585) - (554)	\$	23,888 (633) (156) (1,247)	\$	6,510 2,990 - 1,350	\$	16,720 4,603 (1,086) 3,651
Balance, end of period	\$	7,711	\$	21,852	\$	10,850	\$	23,888

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2016 (thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

13. UNIT BASED PAYMENT OBLIGATION

Pursuant to the Fund's Option Agreement and Confirmation, the Fund has granted options to purchase units of the Fund to certain key executives. The following options are outstanding:

				Septeml	ber 30, 2016	Decem	ber 31, 2015
Issue Date	Number of Units	Exercise Price	Expiry Date		Fair Value		Fair Value
January 11, 2006	200,000	\$ 1.91	January 11, 2016	\$	-	\$	12,803
January 2, 2008	150,000	\$ 2.70	January 2, 2018		10,472		7,599
January 2, 2009	150,000	\$ 3.14	January 2, 2019		9,387		6,786
January 2, 2010	150,000	\$ 5.41	January 2, 2020		8,284		5,930
				\$	28,143	\$	33,118

On January 11, 2016, the Fund completed the settlement of the unit options issued on January 11, 2006. As a result of the settlement, 200,000 units were issued at an exercise price of \$1.91. The fair value of the unit options at settlement was \$12,432.

The fair value of each outstanding option is estimated using a Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions used for the outstanding options granted: stock price \$81.87, dividend yield 0.85% and expected volatility 27.23% (determined as a weighted standard deviation of the unit price over the past four years). The risk free interest rate assumptions used in the valuation model are as follows: January 2, 2008 issuance - 0.61%, January 2, 2010 issuance - 0.64%.

During 2016, an expense in the amount of \$7,074 (2015 - \$9,649) was recorded to earnings related to these unit based payment obligations. During the third quarter, an expense in the amount of \$3,550 (2015 - \$5,523) was recorded to earnings (loss) related to these unit based payment obligations.

14. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Certain executive officers of the Fund, as well as the Board of Directors of the Company and BGHI, participate in share-based compensation plans. These plans are cash-settled, with compensation expense determined based on the fair value of the associated liability at the end of the reporting period until the awards are settled.

Long-term incentive plan

For the year ended December 31, 2015, Performance Cash Awards were granted to certain executive officers under the Fund's long-term incentive plan. Performance Cash Awards represent the right to receive payments, conditional, in whole or in part, upon the achievement of one or more objective performance goals. A Performance Cash Award granted under the Plan is denominated and payable in cash and will vest and be paid out over a three-year period, subject to the terms of the plan.

On January 1, 2016, Performance Cash Units were granted to certain executive officers for the 2016 grant year in place of Performance Cash Awards. Performance Cash Units are tied to unit value from date of grant to the date of payment and will vest and be paid out in cash over a three-year period, subject to the terms of the plan. Performance Cash Units represent the right to receive payments linked to the Fund's unit value, conditional, in whole or in part, upon the achievement of one or more objective performance goals. The distribution rate declared by the Fund on issued and outstanding units of the Fund is also applied to the Performance Cash Units. The distribution amount on the Performance Cash Units is converted into additional Performance Cash Units based on the market value of the Fund's units at the time of the distribution. These additional Performance Cash Units vest at the same time as the Performance Cash Units that the distribution rate was applied on.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2016 (thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

The 2015 Award and 2016 Award include non-market performance conditions. The impact of market and non-market performance conditions is recognized through the adjustment of the award that is expected to vest. At the end of each reporting period, the Fund re-assesses its estimates of the number of awards that are expected to vest and recognizes the impact of the revision to compensation expense in earnings over the vesting period.

The fair value of each outstanding Performance Cash Unit is estimated based on the fair market value of the Fund's units at the grant date, subsequently adjusted for additional units granted based on the reinvestment of notional distributions and the market value of the units at the end of each reporting period. The associated compensation expense is recognized over the vesting period, factoring in the probability of the performance criteria being met during that period.

Directors Deferred Share Unit Plan

On December 22, 2015, the Board of Trustees approved a Directors Deferred Share Unit Plan ("DSUP"), effective December 31, 2015. The plan is administered through BGHI and requires independent Trustees, who are also Directors of BGHI, to receive at least 60% of their Director compensation in the form of deferred shares, which are essentially notional shares of BGHI and are redeemable for cash on termination. Directors may elect to receive up to 100% of their Director compensation in the form of deferred shares. The number of deferred share units to which a Director is entitled will be adjusted for the payment of dividends or other cash distributions on the Class A common shares of BGHI.

The fair value of each outstanding Director Deferred Share Unit is estimated based on the fair market value of the BGHI's shares at the grant date, subsequently adjusted for additional shares granted based on the reinvestment of notional dividends and the market value of the shares at the end of each reporting period.

15. CAPITAL

Unitholders' Capital

Authorized:

Unlimited number of trust units

An unlimited number of units are authorized and may be issued pursuant to the Declaration of Trust. All units are of the same class with equal rights and privileges. Each unit is redeemable and transferable. A unit entitles the holder thereof to participate equally in distributions, including the distributions of net earnings and net realized capital gains of the Fund and distributions on termination or winding-up of the Fund, is fully paid and non-assessable and entitles the holder thereof to one vote at all meetings of Unitholders for each unit held.

On January 5, 2016, the Fund completed the early redemption and cancellation of the Debentures. Subsequent to the initial announcement of the early redemption, \$24,012 principal amount of the Debentures were converted into 1,026,152 units of the Fund. The remaining \$192 in Debentures were redeemed and cancelled by issuing 3,000 units. The fair value of the Debentures on conversion and redemption was \$68,027.

During 2016, at the request of the holder, the Fund converted \$835 principal amount of the 2014 Debentures into 13,599 units of the Fund. The fair value of the 2014 Debentures at the time of conversion was \$1,017.

On January 11, 2016, the Fund completed the settlement of the unit options issued on January 11, 2006. As a result of the settlement, 200,000 units were issued at an exercise price of \$1.91. The fair value of the unit options at settlement was \$12,432.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2016 (thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

16. SEASONALITY

The Fund's financial results for any individual quarter are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full year. Interim period revenues and earnings are typically sensitive to regional and local weather, market conditions, and in particular, to cyclical variations in economic activity.

17. SEGMENTED REPORTING

The Fund has one reportable line of business, being automotive collision repair and related services, with all revenues relating to a group of similar services. In this circumstance, IFRS requires the Fund to provide geographical disclosure. For the periods reported, all of the Fund's revenues were derived within Canada or the United States of America. Reportable assets include property, plant and equipment, goodwill and intangible assets which are all located within these two geographic areas.

		For the three months ended September 30,			
Revenues	2016	2015		2016	2015
Canada United States	\$ 20,502 324,807	\$ 19,779 281,297	\$	63,549 963,121	\$ 61,697 799,875
	\$ 345,309	\$ 301,076	\$	1,026,670	\$ 861,572

Reportable Assets As at	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015		
Canada United States	\$ 19,553 504,386	\$	16,428 443,917	
	\$ 523,939	\$	460,345	

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2016 (thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

18. EARNINGS PER UNIT

	For the three months ended September 30,			For the nine months ended September 30,				
		2016		2015		2016		2015
Net earnings Add (less):	\$	6,474	\$	(19,479)	\$	21,968	\$	(19,258)
Non-controlling interest put options		(3,558)		-		(3,218)		-
Net earnings - diluted basis	\$	2,916	\$	(19,479)	\$	18,750	\$	(19,258)
Basic weighted average number of units Add:		18,058,588		16,376,313		18,020,015		16,365,297
Non-controlling interest put options		363,922		-		363,922		-
Average number of units outstanding - diluted basis		18,422,510		16,376,313		18,383,937		16,365,297
Basic earnings per unit	\$	0.358	\$	(1.189)	\$	1.219	\$	(1.177)
Diluted earnings per unit	\$	0.158	\$	(1.189)	\$	1.020	\$	(1.177)

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 31, 2016, the Fund amended the May 31, 2013 agreement that provided a member of its U.S. management team the opportunity to participate in the future growth of the Fund's U.S. glass business. The put option held by the non-controlling shareholder continues to provide the shareholder an option to put the business back to the Fund according to a valuation formula defined in the agreement; however, the put option is now restricted until December 31, 2018 and is exercisable anytime thereafter by the glass-business operating partner. The put option may be exercised before December 31, 2018 upon the occurrence of certain unusual events such as a change of control or resignation of the operating partner. All fair value changes in the estimated liability will continue to be recorded in earnings.